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IN THE SUPERIOR COURT FOR THE STATE OF ALASKA THIRD JUDICIAL DISTRICT AT ANCHORAGE

EDWARD ALEXANDER; JOSH ANDREWS; SHELBY BECK ANDREWS;))
and CAREY CARPENTER,)
Plaintiffs,))
v.))
ACTING COMMISSIONER HEIDI TESHNER, in her official capacity, State of Alaska, Department of Education and Early Development,))))
Defendant,)
v.) Case No. 3AN-23-04309CI
ANDREA MOCERI, THERESA BROOKS, and BRANDY PENNINGTON.)))
Intervenors.	<u> </u>

STATE'S REPLY, OPPOSITION, AND CROSS-MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT

I. Introduction

The plaintiffs, four parents of school-age children attending Alaska public schools, (collectively, "Alexander"), challenge the constitutionality of AS 14.03.300–310, statutes that govern the operation of correspondence school programs in Alaska. But their facial challenge fails because these statutes have a "plainly legitimate sweep," authorizing a range of spending that does not even implicate Article VII, Section 1 of the Alaska Constitution, including purchases of materials and services from public educational institutions and from private vendors that are not "educational institutions."

Alexander's as-applied challenge also fails because the Department of Education and Early Development (DEED) is not the proper defendant for it—the current correspondence school programs are all administered by school districts and any asapplied challenge lies against the district responsible for the allegedly unconstitutional spending, not against DEED. Although DEED initially moved to dismiss the complaint under Alaska Civil Rule 12(b)(6), DEED now cross-moves for summary judgment so that this Court can consider additional facts not provided by Alexander.

Background II.

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Alaska law assigns different functions and powers to the Department A. of Education and Early Development and to school districts.

The Alaska Constitution mandates that the legislature shall establish and maintain a system of public schools open to all. To further this mandate the legislature created DEED² and empowered it to provide research and consultative services, establish standards and assessments, administer grants and endowments, and exercise general supervision of public schools.3 The legislature also recognized that Alaska schools may need to "be adapted to meet the varying conditions of different localities." 4 To empower local control, the legislature delegated the task of school district operation

Alexander et al. v. Acting Commissioner Heidi Teshner Case No. 3AN-23-04309 CI State's Reply, Opposition, and Cross-Motion for Summary Judgement Page 2 of 28

Alaska Const. art. VII, § 1.

AS 44.27.020.

AS 14.07.020; AS 14.07.145; see Moore v. Alaska, No. 3AN-04-09756CI, 2007 WL 8310251, at *5 (Alaska Super. June 21, 2007).

Macauley v. Hildebrand, 491 P.2d 120, 122 (Alaska 1971).

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to local school boards. Each school district is a political subdivision of the State and not controlled by DEED.6 The education of Alaska's youth is thus a responsibility shared by DEED and local districts, each with differing duties designed to meet the ultimate goal of providing every student with a "meaningful opportunity to achieve proficiency in reading, writing, math, and science."7

Among the learning options established by the legislature are correspondence school programs, which the legislature authorized either DEED⁸ or local districts to operate. Local districts have operated correspondence programs in the state for over 30

AS 14.12.020(b) ("[e]ach borough or city school district shall be operated on a district-wide basis under the management and control of a school board); AS 14.14.090 (duties of borough and municipal school boards); AS 14.08.021 (delegating authority to operate public schools in unorganized boroughs to regional attendance areas); AS 14.08.111 (duties of regional school boards); AS 14.08.101 (powers of a regional school board); see Tunley v. Municipality of Anchorage Sch. Dist., 631 P.2d 67, 75 (Alaska 1980) ("[t]he Anchorage School Board was created by the authority of the state legislature, and is the delegated state authority to govern its school district and manage the operations of the schools within that district."); see, e.g., Hootch v. Alaska State-Operated Sch. Sys., 536 P.2d 793, 803 (Alaska 1975) (permitting the use of different education systems throughout the State); see also Moore, 2007 WL 8310251, at *75 (stating that "[c]ertainly, the Legislature has the authority to delegate its constitutional responsibility to maintain public schools to the Department of Education and Early Development as well as to local school districts.").

Kenai Peninsula Borough v. State, 532 P.2d 1019, 1023 (Alaska 1975).

Moore, 2007 WL 8310251, at *76.

Currently, DEED does not operate any correspondence programs and repealed the regulations for a state-run correspondence school in 2004. The current correspondence school regulations only apply to "correspondence study programs offered by a school district." 4 AAC 33.405.

AS 14.03.300-.310.

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years. 10 Where a district operates a correspondence school program, the legislature has delegated certain duties to that district. The district is responsible for providing annual individual learning plans for each enrolled student,11 which DEED has only limited authority to modify.12 The district also determines graduation requirements and whether a student is awarded credit for a course. 13 Importantly, the district decides whether to provide an annual student allotment to the parents or guardians of students enrolled in a correspondence program.14

When a district decides to provide a family with an allotment, that family may then use the allotment to purchase educational materials and services. 15 It is the district—not DEED—that approves and owns those materials. 16 Thus, it is the district that must approve all expenditures and create written standards for those expenditures.¹⁷

²⁰⁰⁵ Inf. Op. Att'y Gen. (Sept. 20; 663-05-0233), 2005 WL 2751244, at *1. 10

AS 14.03.300(a); 4 AAC 33.421; see, e.g., Anchorage School District BP 6182 (2021) (correspondence study programs).

AS 14.03.300(b).

See, generally, 4 AAC 06.075 (those requirements must meet or exceed DEED's minimum requirements).

AS 14.03.310(a): 4 AAC 33.422.

¹⁵ AS 14.03.310(b).

Id. at (b)(2)(A) (allotments may be used to purchase education material approved by the district); AS 14.08.111(9) (regional school boards review and select education materials); AS 14.14.090(7) (borough and municipal school boards review and select education materials); 4 AAC 33.421(d) & (h) (correspondence programs must use education materials approved by the district); 4 AAC 33.422(b) (purchased educational material belong to the district); see 2005 Inf. Op. Att'y Gen., 2005 WL 2751244, at *1 (noting that the district must approve correspondence learning materials in advance).

⁴ AAC 33.422(f).

Alexander et al. v. Acting Commissioner Heidi Teshner Case No. 3AN-23-04309 CI State's Reply, Opposition, and Cross-Motion for Summary Judgement Page 4 of 28

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While the individual districts are tasked with ensuring that their correspondence programs comport with state law, DEED is tasked with the general supervision of the programs.²⁴ To ensure that districts operating a correspondence program comply with state law, they must provide DEED with a statement of assurances.²⁵ Once DEED receives this statement, it will approve the program.²⁶ Despite the regulatory mandate to approve the program, DEED may, in its discretion, monitor the programs for compliance.²⁷ If a district has violated the correspondence study regulations, DEED has

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AS 14.03.310(c).
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¹⁹ *Id.* at (d)(1).

 $[\]int_{0}^{20} Id. at (d)(2).$

^{|21} *Id.* at (d)(3).

 $[\]int_{0}^{22} Id. at (d)(4).$

²³ 4 AAC 33.426(a) & (c).

AS 14.07.020(a)(9).

²⁵ 4 AAC 33.420.

²⁶ *Id*.

²⁷ 4 AAC 33.460(a).

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the authority to implement a plan of correction; and, if the violation was made knowingly DEED may, in its discretion, withdraw approval for the district to operate the program.²⁸ Regardless of fault, DEED will also require that the district repay any money that was spent in violation of the regulations.²⁹

Alaska law does not provide an affirmative obligation on DEED to seek out alleged violations of law by correspondence school programs. Instead, DEED relies on the districts' statements of assurances that each program will follow the law. However, the legislature may occasionally appropriate money to DEED for the sole purpose of conducting statewide audits if the legislature deems this action necessary.³⁰

Thus, the legislature, through DEED, monitors and approves district correspondence programs. But it is the districts that are responsible for all correspondence program operations, including ensuring that allotments are approved and spent in accordance with state law.

Correspondence school programs in Alaska allow student allotment В. spending on a wide range of services and materials.

There are currently more than 30 district-operated correspondence school programs in Alaska, 18 of which are statewide.31 Some enroll just a handful of

²⁸ 4 AAC 33.460(c).

²⁹ Id

For example, this occurred in 2004. See 2005 Inf. Op. Att'y Gen, 2005 WL 2751244, at *2.

See Alaska Department of Education and Early Development Correspondence School Directory available online at https://education.alaska.gov/Alaskan Schools/corres

Alexander et al. v. Acting Commissioner Heidi Teshner Case No. 3AN-23-04309 CI State's Reply, Opposition, and Cross-Motion for Summary Judgement Page 6 of 28

students,³² others hundreds³³ or even thousands.³⁴ Because the programs vary significantly, this memorandum cannot give the Court a complete view of what different correspondence schools offer to Alaskan students, so it instead uses one of the larger programs as an instructive example.

Mat-Su Central is a correspondence school affiliated with the Matanuska-Susitna Borough School District that enrolls over 2000 students.³⁵ Its website provides a list of approved curricula from more than 200 different sources.³⁶ Among these curricula sources are organizations as diverse as GO Math, a program operated by textbook publisher Houghton Mifflin Harcourt; the North Dakota Center for Distance Education, a public agency offering K-12 online classes and other educational programs; and Razzle Dazzle Creative Writing, a business created by a teacher in Texas to sell creative writing lessons.³⁷

See e.g., AK-Trails Correspondence School with 6 students, according to DEED's school profile website:

https://education.alaska.gov/compass/ParentPortal/SchoolProfile?SchoolID=448010

See e.g., FOCUS Homeschool with 558 students, according to DEED's school profile website:

https://education.alaska.gov/compass/ParentPortal/SchoolProfile?SchoolID=108010

See e.g., Interior Distance Education of Alaska (IDEA), with 7352 students, according to DEED's school profile website:

https://education.alaska.gov/compass/ParentPortal/SchoolProfile?SchoolID=178010

^{| 35 |} See | https://education.alaska.gov/compass/ParentPortal/SchoolProfile?SchoolID=338010

See https://www.matsucentral.org/resources/curricula; see also, Affidavit of Kyle Emili at ¶ 2, Ex. A.

Affidavit of Kyle Emili at ¶ 4-6, Ex. B-D.

Alexander et al. v. Acting Commissioner Heidi Teshner Case No. 3AN-23-04309 CI State's Reply, Opposition, and Cross-Motion for Summary Judgement Page 7 of 28

III. Procedurally, DEED initially filed a motion to dismiss but now cross-moves for summary judgment.

DEED initially filed a motion to dismiss Alexander's facial challenge to the correspondence school statutes. In response, Alexander emphasizes that motions to dismiss are "disfavored," but simultaneously acknowledges—by cross-moving for summary judgment—that the Court can decide the facial challenge now as a matter of law. [Opp. at 18-19] Although a motion to dismiss is a proper procedural vehicle here, 40 DEED now cross-moves for summary judgment on both Alexander's facial and asapplied challenges to remove any possible "disfavor" and to allow the Court to consider the attached materials outside the pleadings, which provide a more comprehensive picture of correspondence school programs in Alaska than Alexander has provided.

Affidavit of Kyle Emili at ¶ 7, Ex. E, also available online at https://www.matsucentral.org/learning/cip.

Affidavit of Kyle Emili at ¶ 8-12, Ex. F-J.

Cf. Forrer v. State, 471 P.3d 569, 583 (Alaska 2020) (explaining why the trial court was not required to convert a motion to dismiss into a motion for summary judgment when the issue presented was purely legal).

Alexander et al. v. Acting Commissioner Heidi Teshner Case No. 3AN-23-04309 CI State's Reply, Opposition, and Cross-Motion for Summary Judgement Page 8 of 28

IV. Argument

A. Alexander's facial challenge fails as a matter of law because the student allotment statutes have a plainly legitimate sweep.

The Court should reject Alexander's facial challenge to AS 14.03.300–.310 and decline the request to strike those statutes down entirely. [Complaint ¶ 57, 70 & p. 22] The statutes are capable of a wide range of legitimate applications for such uncontroversial things as textbook purchases from private publishing companies, tutoring services, athletic activities, and more. DEED is entitled to judgment on this claim because the statutes have a "plainly legitimate sweep."

1. This case is not a referendum on the 2022 AG opinion.

Alexander asserts that DEED relies "solely" and "heavily" on the 2022 AG opinion as if it were legal precedent. [Opp. at 3-4, 18, 34] Alexander criticizes that opinion as "nonsensical" and "circular," and spends several pages attacking its reasoning. [Opp. at 3-4, 18, 34-38] But DEED does not rely on the AG opinion as legal precedent—DEED discussed the opinion only in the "background" section of its motion. [MTD at 5-7] Nor does this case turn on whether the Court adopts or rejects the opinion's reasoning. The Court could disagree with the AG opinion on where to draw the line between constitutional and unconstitutional spending and still reject Alexander's facial challenge to AS 14.03.300—310. Indeed, it must do so, because those statutes are capable of many constitutional applications. Alexander's criticisms of the AG opinion and of DEED's letter about the opinion are thus mere distractions from the

See Treacy v. Municipality of Anchorage, 91 P.3d 252, 268 (Alaska 2004).

Alexander et al. v. Acting Commissioner Heidi Teshner Case No. 3AN-23-04309 CI State's Reply, Opposition, and Cross-Motion for Summary Judgement Page 9 of 28

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task before the Court, which is to decide whether Alexander has made a viable facial challenge to the statutes, not to grade the AG opinion.

2. The statutes are capable of a range of constitutional applications and therefore have a plainly legitimate sweep.

As explained in DEED's motion, a school district could administer student allotments without even approaching constitutional lines. [MTD at 11-13] Article VII, Section 1 prohibits only uses of funds "for the direct benefit of" a "religious or other private educational institution." But allotments are spent on a range of things not encompassed by this language, and school districts need not approve improper uses.

Alexander suggests that most spending under the student allotment statute is unconstitutional by conflating the statute's wording with the constitution's. Alaska Statute 14.03.310 says that a parent may spend allotment funds on services and materials from a "public, private, or religious organization" if they are appropriate and approved by the school district. Alexander assumes that any purchase from a "private or religious organization" under AS 14.03.310 would necessarily come from a "religious or other private educational institution" under Article VII, Section 1. [Opp. at 38-43]

But these phrases are meaningfully different—of course, not every "organization" is an "educational institution." A textbook publisher, for example, is not an "educational institution." If it were, Article VII, Section 1 might be violated whenever a school district buys textbooks from Houghton Mifflin Harcourt. Nor are companies like Staples or Best Buy that sell notebooks and laptops, or tutoring services like Turning Leaf Literacy, "educational institutions." "Educational institutions" like

Alexander et al. v. Acting Commissioner Heidi Teshner Case No. 3AN-23-04309 CI State's Reply, Opposition, and Cross-Motion for Summary Judgement Page 10 of 28

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schools and universities are only a *subset* of possible vendors of services and materials. Plus, AS 14.03.310 also authorizes purchases from "public" organizations—for example, the University of Alaska—which are not "religious" or "private" even if they are "educational institutions." Allotment funds thus can be, and are, used on a wide range of purchases that do not even need to be assessed under Sheldon Jackson because spending that does not involve a "religious or other private educational institution" surely cannot confer a "direct benefit" on one.

For example, consider Mat-Su Central School District's correspondence school program, which identifies dozens of approved "instructional partners (vendors)," ranging from the Alaska Center for the Martial Arts and Aurora's Cakery and Bakery through Gail Moses Art Studio and Blue River Aviation to the Bristol Bay Campus of UAF and Prince William Sound Community College. 42 Some of these vendors are public educational institutions; others are small, private businesses that couldn't conceivably qualify as "educational institutions." Spending public funds with these vendors plainly poses no constitutional problem.

For purchases that do involve religious or other private educational institutions, like private school classes, Sheldon Jackson provides the test for assessing whether a particular expenditure confers a "direct benefit." Such spending of student allotments would need to be evaluated on its facts, taking into account the "magnitude" of the

⁴² See Affidavit of Kyle Emili at ¶ 7, Ex. E.

See Sheldon Jackson Coll. v. State, 599 P.2d 127, 130-32 (Alaska 1979).

Alexander et al. v. Acting Commissioner Heidi Teshner Case No. 3AN-23-04309 CI State's Reply, Opposition, and Cross-Motion for Summary Judgement Page 11 of 28

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benefit to the private educational institution.⁴⁴ But even if the Court were to consider all of this "gray area" spending to violate Article VII, Section 1, that still would not justify striking down the student allotment statutes as facially unconstitutional. Given all the clearly unproblematic applications discussed above—like buying textbooks, taking a baking class offered at a local bakery, or working with a tutor—Alexander has failed to establish that the statutes lack a "plainly legitimate sweep." 45

True, a school district could violate Article VII, Section 1 by allowing a parent to spend student allotment funds on full-time private school tuition, but this would be contrary to statute as well as the constitution. The statutes authorize only spending of allotment funds to support an individual learning plan followed by a student in the district's "correspondence school program," "developed with the assistance and approval of the certificated teacher assigned to the student by the district," that among other things "provide[s] for an ongoing assessment plan that includes statewide assessments required for public schools," "include[s] a provision for modification of the individual learning plan if the student is below proficient on a standardized assessment," and "provide[s] for monitoring of each student's work and progress by the certificated

See id. at 130 ("[A] court must consider, though not in isolation, the magnitude of the benefit conferred. A trivial, though direct, benefit may not rise to the level of a constitutional violation, whereas a substantial, though arguably indirect, benefit may."). Notably, this part of the Sheldon Jackson test focuses on the benefit to the educational institution, not to the individual students, as Alexander suggests. [Opp. at 32]

See e.g., Planned Parenthood of the Great Northwest v. State, 375 P.3d 1122, 133 (Alaska 2016) (" When a statute's constitutionality is facially challenged, we will uphold the statute even if it might occasionally create constitutional problems in its application, as long as it 'has a plainly legitimate sweep.'")

Alexander et al. v. Acting Commissioner Heidi Teshner Case No. 3AN-23-04309 CI State's Reply, Opposition, and Cross-Motion for Summary Judgement Page 12 of 28

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teacher assigned to the student."46 Although conceivably an individual learning plan with these characteristics could be layered over a full-time private school education, this is clearly not the intent of the statute, which plainly contemplates an individualized plan for a student educated primarily through correspondence courses. Nor, contrary to Alexander's contention, was this the intent of the statute's sponsor, then-Senator Michael Dunleavy, who expressly disavowed the idea that correspondence school allotments could be used to "send[] kids to private school."47

But even if paying full-time private school tuition were consistent with the statutes, all uses of allotment funds require school district approval, and the statutes do not require districts to approve any unconstitutional uses.⁴⁸ A statute is not facially unconstitutional merely because it is capable of unconstitutional applications. A school district must comply with the Alaska Constitution, not just the statutes, and it can be held to account if it does not. A statute need not repeat the constitution's independent limitations in its text to be facially constitutional. For example, the allotment statutes also do not specify that a school district cannot discriminate by approving purchases of science kits for boys but not girls—the statute allows this by not explicitly prohibiting it and giving the district discretion. Of course, the equal protection clause prohibits such discrimination, which would justify a court finding that such a district is violating the

See AS 14.03.300(a)(1), (3), (4), and (6).

Sen. Educ. Comm., 28th Leg., Mar. 3, 2014, Statement of Sen. Dunleavy at 8:29:05-10.

See AS 14.03.310.

Case No. 3AN-23-04309 CI Alexander et al. v. Acting Commissioner Heidi Teshner State's Reply, Opposition, and Cross-Motion for Summary Judgement Page 13 of 28

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constitution. But the statute's failure to prohibit discrimination would not render the statute facially unconstitutional.

Thus, even though a school district could violate Article VII, Section 1 when administering student allotments, that does not justify striking the allotment statutes down entirely because the statutes also have many constitutional applications.⁴⁹

Nothing in the legislative history undercuts DEED's position. 3.

Alexander argues that the sponsors of the legislation behind the student allotment statutes wanted to authorize unconstitutional spending on private school classes, and that this supposed intent means that the statutes they passed lack a plainly legitimate sweep. [Opp. at 3-17, 22-23] But although legislative history can aid in interpreting disputed statutory language, the parties' dispute is not over what the statute says. Alexander cites no authority for the theory that legislative (as opposed to constitutional) history aids in assessing a statute's constitutionality. A legislator's (or legislative attorney's) opinion about what the constitution requires is of no matter—the Court must determine this for itself. Nor does it matter whether legislators wanted to authorize both constitutional and unconstitutional spending or thought they were doing so. Courts do not defer to legislative interpretations of the constitution.

Although the legislative history is thus irrelevant here, it is actually much more nuanced than Alexander reports. Granted, a handful of statements by SB 100's sponsor,

Cf. Javed v. Dep't of Pub. Safety, Div. of Motor Vehicles, 921 P.2d 620, 625 (Alaska 1996) ("Since [the statute] can be applied constitutionally in many circumstances, it is not facially unconstitutional.").

Alexander et al. v. Acting Commissioner Heidi Teshner Case No. 3AN-23-04309 CI Page 14 of 28 State's Reply, Opposition, and Cross-Motion for Summary Judgement

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then-Senator Dunleavy, suggest he believed that public funding for even a single private school class would violate the constitution, 50 but other parts of the legislative history show that he—and other legislators—understood that the constitutionality of different kinds of correspondence school spending was an undecided question of Alaska law. For example, Senator Dunleavy prepared a PowerPoint presentation as part of his introduction of Senate Joint Resolution 9, which would have amended Article VII, Section 1 of the Alaska Constitution to remove the prohibition on the use of public money for the direct benefit of educational institutions.⁵¹ In this presentation, Senator Dunleavy explained that various "public/private partnerships" that were already part of correspondence school programs "could be construed to be unconstitutional," noting that the "[i]ssue of constitutionality can only be determined by the courts or we can change our constitutional language to align with our practices."52

Senator Dunleavy also expressly disavowed the goal that the plaintiffs attribute to SB 100—i.e. to allow for private school tuition to be covered by public funds through

See Opp. at 8, quoting Sen. Educ. Comm., 28th Leg., Apr. 10, 2013, Statement of Sen. Dunleavy at 8:33:10-22.

This PowerPoint slideshow is attached as defendant's Exhibit K, and is available online at https://www.akleg.gov/basis/get_documents.asp?session=28&docid=3356

See id. at 2; see also, id. at 19, noting that one possible "solution" to uncertainty about the constitutionality of "public/private partnerships using public educational funding" was to "[d]o nothing and continue practices and hope such practices are constitutional and do not get challenged in court."

Alexander et al. v. Acting Commissioner Heidi Teshner Case No. 3AN-23-04309 CI State's Reply, Opposition, and Cross-Motion for Summary Judgement Page 15 of 28

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the correspondence school program.⁵³ In fact, he noted that a different bill—SB 89, which would have provided tax credits for donations to private schools for scholarships—was intended to expand school choice to include private schools.54 SB 100, by contrast, contemplated only the more limited option of an occasional private school class as part of a public school correspondence program developed in cooperation with a public school district and monitored by a public school teacher and district officials. Moreover, the legal advice available to legislators did not state that this goal was clearly unconstitutional—because, of course, no Alaska precedent considers this question.⁵⁵ To the contrary, legislative attorney Jean Mischel advised Senator Berta Gardner that the constitutionality of using public funds to purchase a correspondence course from Brigham Young University⁵⁶ was uncertain.⁵⁷

See Sen. Educ. Comm., 28th Leg., Mar. 3, 2014, Statement of Sen. Dunleavy at 8:27:48-53 ("This has nothing to do with going to private school"); 8:29:05-11 ("This has nothing to do with sending kids to private school.")

Sen. Educ. Comm., 28th Leg., Apr. 10, 2013, Statement of Sen. Dunleavy at 8:30:00-10 ("The tax credit bill that we just heard is a voucher bill...").

See e.g., Ex. L, Legislative Counsel Jean M. Mischel to Senator Berta Gardner, March 18, 2014.

Brigham Young University—a private educational institution—provides a wide variety of online courses through BYU Independent Study. See https://is.byu.edu/

See Ex. M, Legislative Counsel Jean M. Mischel to Senator Berta Gardner, February 6, 2014.

Case No. 3AN-23-04309 CI Alexander et al. v. Acting Commissioner Heidi Teshner State's Reply, Opposition, and Cross-Motion for Summary Judgement Page 16 of 28

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The legislature's choice to delegate control to local school 4. districts rather than DEED does not render the statutes unconstitutional.

Alexander repeatedly asserts that AS 14.03.300(b) prohibits DEED from imposing any additional limitations on student allotment funds. [Opp. at 2, 21, 23, 38] Although this specific provision's wording is convoluted, DEED agrees with the basic point that the statutes put school districts and parents—not DEED—in charge of student allotments. In other words, the legislature favored local control over DEED control. But this is a valid legislative choice that does not render the statutes unconstitutional.

The Alaska Constitution requires the legislature to "establish and maintain a system of public schools."58 It "vest[s] the legislature with pervasive control over public education."59 But it does not require the legislature to delegate its pervasive control of the school system, or any specific piece of it, to DEED. Indeed, the constitution does not require DEED to exist at all. The legislature could "establish and maintain" a school system entirely through local districts. And, in fact, the legislature has delegated many functions to school districts. 60 As the Alaska Supreme Court has recognized, "[t]he very complexity of the problems of financing and managing a statewide public school system suggests that 'there will be more than one constitutionally permissible method of solving them,' and that, within the limits of rationality, 'the legislature's efforts to tackle

Alaska Const. Article VII, Section 1.

Jefferson v. State, 527 P.2d 37, 44 (Alaska 1974) (emphasis added).

See Municipality of Anchorage v. Repasky, 34 P.3d 302, 306 (Alaska 2001) ("The legislature delegated the state's authority to manage the operations of the schools to local school districts.").

Case No. 3AN-23-04309 CI Alexander et al. v. Acting Commissioner Heidi Teshner State's Reply, Opposition, and Cross-Motion for Summary Judgement Page 17 of 28

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put correspondence student allotments—like many other aspects of Alaska's public schools—in the control of districts rather than DEED is no constitutional problem.

At points Alexander seems to suggest that the student allotment statutes give

At points Alexander seems to suggest that the student allotment statutes give parents complete control over the funds, leaving both DEED and school districts powerless to stop unconstitutional uses. [Opp. at 23, 38] But this is not accurate. Parents may use the funds to purchase only services and materials "approved by the school district" and "required for the course of study in the individual learning plan" that is "developed with the assistance and approval of" a district-assigned teacher. Moreover, the districts are directed to "maintain a record of expenditures and allotments," and "implement a routine monitoring of audits and expenditures. Thus, school districts have the explicit authority to approve or reject parent proposals, including proposals for spending that crosses constitutional lines. The districts have the power and the duty to comply with Article VII, Section 1 in administering student allotment funds just as they must comply with all parts of the constitution in all their actions.

the problems' should be entitled to respect."61 The fact that the legislature has chosen to

5. DEED does not ask the Court to craft a narrowing construction or sever any provisions—only to reject the facial challenge.

Alexander recharacterizes DEED's position as a request for a narrowing construction or severance of unconstitutional language. [Opp. at 39-43] But that is not

⁶¹ Hootch v. Alaska State-Operated Sch. Sys., 536 P.2d 793, 803-04 (Alaska 1975).

⁶² AS 14.03.310(b), AS 14.03.300(a)(1).

AS 14.03.310(d)(3) and (4).

Alexander et al. v. Acting Commissioner Heidi Teshner Case No. 3AN-23-04309 CI State's Reply, Opposition, and Cross-Motion for Summary Judgement Page 18 of 28

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what DEED seeks here, nor is DEED doing "contortions to advance a constitutionally permissible interpretation" of the statutes. [Opp. at 42] Instead, DEED is pointing out that striking down the statutes entirely is unjustified given the range of constitutional applications. DEED just asks the Court to reject Alexander's facial challenge as a matter of law because the statutes have a plainly legitimate sweep, thereby leaving Alexander to pursue an as-applied challenge.⁶⁴ In that as-applied challenge, the parties can litigate the boundaries of permissible spending under the statutes with the benefit of actual examples to evaluate.65 "[F]acial challenges are disfavored" because they "often rest on speculation," risk interpretation "on the basis of factually barebones records," and run contrary to principles of judicial restraint.⁶⁶ The proper vehicle to resolve Alexander's objections to the school districts' application of the statutes is an as-applied challenge.

None of the language in the challenged statutes is facially unconstitutional such that the Court should sever it. Alexander suggests severing the words "private, or

Cf. Treacy v. Municipality of Anchorage, 91 P.3d 252, 268 (Alaska 2004) ("[P]laintiffs seeking facial invalidation of a law must establish at least that the law does not have a 'plainly legitimate sweep.' The failure to meet this burden in this case does not preclude the possibility that the ordinance as applied in other situations might be unconstitutional. And although the ordinance could be enforced in ways [that are unconstitutional], we need not deal with such possibilities on this facial review.").

Cf. State v. ACLU of Alaska, 204 P.3d 364, 373 (Alaska 2009) (rejecting a facial challenge as unripe, observing that "[t]his case is necessarily about a narrowing construction of some sort since the amended statute is not unconstitutional in all its applications. The question is what narrowing constructions are appropriate. Allowing the normal processes of adjudication to take place may be of assistance in providing the answer.") (emphasis added).

Washington State Grange v. Washington State Republican Party, 552 U.S. 442, 450 (2008).

Alexander et al. v. Acting Commissioner Heidi Teshner Case No. 3AN-23-04309 CI State's Reply, Opposition, and Cross-Motion for Summary Judgement Page 19 of 28

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religious" from AS 14.03.310 such that it would only allow purchases from a "public" organization. [Opp. at 41] But as explained above, not every "private" or "religious" organization is an "educational institution," so many purchases from such organizations would not even implicate Article VII, Section 1.67 And even some purchases from private or religious "educational institutions" might pass muster depending on how the facts shake out under the Sheldon Jackson test. 68 There is thus no justification for severing words and no need to consider Alexander's arguments about the severance test.

Alexander quotes language about severance from Forrer v. State as if it is relevant to the distinction between a facial and an as-applied challenge, but it is not. [Opp. at 38] Nowhere in the lengthy Forrer opinion do the words "facial" or "asapplied" appear—which makes sense, because no party suggested that the challenged statutes there (which created a new bonding scheme) could be applied in any way that would not trigger the plaintiff's constitutional concerns.⁶⁹ Thus, contrary to Alexander's suggestion, there is no "central pillar" test for determining whether a statute is facially unconstitutional. [Opp. at 38] Instead, a plaintiff can succeed on a facial challenge only by showing that "no set of circumstances exists under which the Act would be valid" 70

DEED is thus not "advanc[ing]" a "limitation that funds only be used at public institutions such as the University of Alaska," as Alexander asserts. [Opp. at 41]

See 599 P.2d at 130-32.

See Forrer v. State, 471 P.3d 569, 569-99 (Alaska 2020).

Javed v. Dep't of Pub. Safety, Div. of Motor Vehicles, 921 P.2d 620, 625 (Alaska 1996) (quoting *United States v. Salerno*, 481 U.S. 739, 745 (1987)).

Alexander et al. v. Acting Commissioner Heidi Teshner Case No. 3AN-23-04309 CI State's Reply, Opposition, and Cross-Motion for Summary Judgement Page 20 of 28

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or at least that the statute "does not have a 'plainly legitimate sweep." Because Alexander has not met that burden here, the Court should reject the facial challenge.

B. Alexander's as-applied challenge lies against the school districts, not DEED.

The Court should also reject Alexander's as-applied challenge against DEED because it properly lies against the school districts. Alexander's position contains an inherent contradiction: Alexander asserts that the statutes explicitly prohibit DEED from controlling how districts and parents spend student allotment funds, [Opp. at 21, 23, 40], while simultaneously asking the Court to hold DEED responsible for how districts and parents spend student allotment funds. [Opp. at 45-46] But Alexander cannot have it both ways. While it is true that the statutes favor local control by delegating allotment fund oversight to school districts rather than DEED, this means that Alexander's asapplied claim properly lies against the school districts rather than DEED. Whether because the school districts are indispensable parties or because the as-applied claim simply fails against DEED on the merits, the Court should reject the as-applied claim.

> 1. If Alexander wants to pursue an as-applied challenge, the school districts must be joined as parties under Civil Rule 19.

Under the first prong of Civil Rule 19(a), a party must be joined if "in the person's absence complete relief cannot be accorded among those already parties." Alexander points out that the Court could grant complete relief on Alexander's facial challenge without joining the school districts by simply striking down the challenged

Treacy v. Municipality of Anchorage, 91 P.3d 252, 268 (Alaska 2004).

Case No. 3AN-23-04309 CI Alexander et al. v. Acting Commissioner Heidi Teshner State's Reply, Opposition, and Cross-Motion for Summary Judgement Page 21 of 28

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statutes as facially unconstitutional and thereby eliminating correspondence program student allotments altogether. [Opp. at 44-45] But DEED does not invoke Civil Rule 19 for Alexander's facial challenge—it asks the Court to reject that claim because it fails as a matter of law as explained above and in its motion to dismiss. [MTD at 8-15] DEED invokes Civil Rule 19 only for Alexander's as-applied challenge, if Alexander intends to pursue one. While a facial challenge means "there is no set of circumstances under which the statute can be applied consistent with the requirements of the constitution"72—justifying striking it down altogether—an as-applied challenge "alleges that although the law may be constitutional in some circumstances, it is unconstitutional under the particular facts of the case"73—justifying only more limited relief.

If the Court rejects Alexander's facial challenge, as it should, (and thus declines to strike down the statutes entirely), Alexander fails to explain how the Court could grant complete relief on an as-applied challenge without joining the school districts that are allegedly applying the statutes in unconstitutional ways. [Opp. at 44-46] Alexander just asserts that such relief would be possible without telling the Court what the relief would be. [Opp. at 46] The Court should reject this unexplained position. Complete asapplied relief against DEED is difficult to imagine. For example, enjoining DEED from approving specified types of student allotment spending (like payment of private school tuition) would be ineffective because DEED does not approve student allotment

Ass'n of Vill. Council Presidents Reg'l Hous. Auth. v. Mael, 507 P.3d 963, 982 (Alaska 2022).

Id. at 981 n.64.

Alexander et al. v. Acting Commissioner Heidi Teshner Case No. 3AN-23-04309 CI State's Reply, Opposition, and Cross-Motion for Summary Judgement Page 22 of 28

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In the alternative, under the second (independent) prong of Civil Rule 19(a), a party must also be joined if "the person claims an interest relating to the subject of the action" and disposition in their absence may impede their ability to protect that interest or leave other parties subject to a substantial risk of incurring multiple or inconsistent obligations. Alexander argues that this prong does not apply here because the school districts have not yet actively "claimed" an interest in this litigation. [Opp. at 47] While the first prong of Civil Rule 19(a) may be a better fit here for this reason, DEED's basic point remains: any as-applied challenge would be about the school districts' actions, not DEED's actions, so it is difficult to imagine litigating it without their participation. Not only would the litigation implicate their interests in defending themselves and receiving state funding, but it would also subject DEED to a risk of incurring inconsistent obligations if, for example, the Court were to order DEED not to give the districts a portion of the state funding to which the districts could claim statutory entitlement.

In sum, joinder of the implicated school districts is required at least under Civil Rule 19(a)(1), if not both prongs. Because joinder is feasible here, the Court need not consider Civil Rule 19(b), which is about what to do when a party cannot feasibly

Alexander et al. v. Acting Commissioner Heidi Teshner Case No. 3AN-23-04309 CI State's Reply, Opposition, and Cross-Motion for Summary Judgement Page 23 of 28

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be joined. Instead, the Court should order the school districts joined if Alexander wishes to proceed with an as-applied challenge rather than purely a facial challenge.

Regardless of whether the school districts are indispensable 2. parties, an as-applied challenge cannot succeed against DEED.

Civil Rule 19 aside, an as-applied challenge cannot succeed against DEED on the merits because DEED does not apply the challenged statutes—the school districts doand DEED is not liable for the school districts' actions. DEED is thus entitled to summary judgment on Alexander's as-applied challenge regardless of whether the Court considers the school districts to be indispensable parties under Civil Rule 19.

First, DEED does not apply the student allotment statutes. DEED does not administer, approve, or give out any student allotments to any parents for any use, let alone an unconstitutional use. As Alexander acknowledges, "all current correspondence programs are district-provided." [Complaint ¶ 18] DEED does not provide a statewide correspondence program at this time. [Id.] All of Alexander's allegations of purportedly improper uses of student allotment funds concern student allotments given to parents by the Matanuska-Susitna Borough and Anchorage school districts, not by DEED. [Complaint ¶¶ 24-28] Thus, to have a viable as-applied claim against DEED, Alexander must explain why DEED is liable for the school districts' actions.

But DEED is not liable for the school districts' actions. Local school districts are independent governmental entities, not subordinate divisions within DEED or agents acting on DEED's behalf. Both the Anchorage and Matanuska-Susitna Borough school

Alexander et al. v. Acting Commissioner Heidi Teshner Case No. 3AN-23-04309 CI State's Reply, Opposition, and Cross-Motion for Summary Judgement Page 24 of 28

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districts are governed by local school boards elected by local voters.⁷⁴ "The legislature delegated the state's authority to manage the operations of the schools to local school districts."75 Just as the State of Alaska is not liable when the Municipality of Anchorage transgresses statutory or constitutional boundaries in exercising its delegated authority, DEED is not liable when the Anchorage School District does so. "[A]uthorized activities of such subdivisions as municipalities and school districts are almost universally considered to be independent actions not subjecting the state to liability."⁷⁶

In Kenai Peninsula Borough v. State, the Alaska Supreme Court rejected the position that a borough was acting as an agent of the State when it provided school transportation, even though the borough did so in accordance with statutory direction pursuant to the legislature's constitutional duty to establish and maintain public schools.⁷⁷ The Court explained that "[i]f a political subdivision acts with a substantial degree of independence under authority delegated by the state, liability may not be

See Tunley v. Municipality of Anchorage Sch. Dist., 631 P.2d 67, 75 (Alaska 1980) ("The Anchorage School Board was created by the authority of the state legislature, and is the delegated state authority to govern its school district and manage the operations of the schools within that district. . . . While the school board is elected by the same voters as is the municipal assembly, and is also a part of the Municipality of Anchorage, it is a legislative body with legal responsibilities which in important respects are distinct from those exercised by the assembly. Nowhere is the independent status of the Anchorage School Board more apparent than in school system budgetary matters.").

⁷⁵ Municipality of Anchorage v. Repasky, 34 P.3d 302, 306 (Alaska 2001).

Kenai Peninsula Borough v. State, 532 P.2d 1019, 1022–23 (Alaska 1975).

Id. at 1021–27.

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imposed on the state as a result of such activity."78 Only if "an executive department specifically makes a political subdivision its agent to act on its behalf and subject to its control" would liability extend to the State. 79 Because political subdivisions usually act independently rather than as state agents, the Court applies "a much stricter test . . . as to the type of control required to create liability on the part of the state."80 In Kenai Peninsula Borough, although the State "did supervise the transportation service insofar as it related to [state] funding" and "also had certain regulations in effect" about safety, the Court concluded that the borough was ultimately in control of the transportation services and was not the State's agent.⁸¹ By contrast, in Alaska State-Operated School System v. Mueller, the Court held that the Alaska State-Operated School System (ASOS)—which provided education for the children of the unorganized borough—was an instrumentality of the State, distinguishing Kenai Peninsula Borough because "unlike local public school systems, ASOS operates directly on behalf of and under the auspices of the state."82

Here, just as in Kenai Peninsula Borough, although DEED has general oversight and passes regulations that districts must follow, the local school districts "act[] with a

Alexander et al. v. Acting Commissioner Heidi Teshner Case No. 3AN-23-04309 CI State's Reply, Opposition, and Cross-Motion for Summary Judgement Page 26 of 28

⁷⁸ Id. at 1022.

⁷⁹ Id.

⁸⁰ Id. at 1023.

⁸¹ Id. at 1024.

⁵³⁶ P.2d 99, 102 (Alaska 1975).

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substantial degree of independence under authority delegated by the state"83 when they run their schools, including when they administer their correspondence program student allotments. They are not acting as agents of DEED, and DEED is therefore not liable for their actions. Alexander criticizes DEED for not intervening to micromanage the districts' use of student allotment funds and instead telling districts to "consult with legal counsel" in gray areas. [Opp. at 45-49] But the legislature has not given DEED the role of micromanager. Instead, as Alexander recognizes (and criticizes), the statutes actually "prohibit[] the Department from imposing restrictions on [allotment fund] expenditures" beyond those already in statute. [Opp. at 21] The legislature has chosen to make this a matter of local control, not DEED control. Thus, as in Kenai Peninsula Borough, "there is no authority for making claim against the State, but the agency exercising the delegated authority must respond for its own actionable conduct."84

The failure of Alexander's claims against DEED does not somehow leave Alexander with inadequate recourse. The proper recourse is straightforward: to challenge the allegedly unconstitutional actions of the Anchorage and Matanuska-Susitna Borough school districts detailed in the complaint, Alexander can sue those school districts. That litigation, if pursued through an appeal, would result in a precedential ruling explaining whether, and to what extent, those uses of allotment funds are constitutional. Such a ruling would provide guidance to those districts and

Kenai Peninsula Borough, 532 P.2d at 1024.

Id. at 1022.

Alexander et al. v. Acting Commissioner Heidi Teshner Case No. 3AN-23-04309 CI State's Reply, Opposition, and Cross-Motion for Summary Judgement Page 27 of 28

others going forward. This is not an "impossible, unnecessary burden," [Opp. at 48], it is normal litigation: plaintiffs sue those they believe are acting unlawfully and prove their actions are unlawful. There is simply no reason why litigation over the constitutionality of the school districts' actions should proceed against DEED without the school districts' participation.

The Court should therefore grant summary judgment to DEED on Alexander's as-applied challenge regardless of its ruling on Civil Rule 19 joinder.

V. Conclusion

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The Court should grant summary judgment to DEED on the facial challenge to AS 14.03.300-.310 because Alexander has failed to show that the statutes lack a plainly legitimate sweep. The Court should also grant summary judgment to DEED on the asapplied challenge because Alexander has not sued the school districts who implement and manage correspondence school programs and DEED is not the proper defendant for any as-applied challenge. The Court should therefore reject all claims in the complaint.

DATED: June 2, 2023.

TREG TAYLOR ATTORNEY GENERAL

By:

Margaret Paton Walsh Assistant Attorney General Alaska Bar No. 0411074

Laura Fox

Assistant Attorney General Alaska Bar No. 0905015.

Alexander et al. v. Acting Commissioner Heidi Teshner Case No. 3AN-23-04309 CI State's Reply, Opposition, and Cross-Motion for Summary Judgement Page 28 of 28 anc.law.ecf@alaska.gov

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT FOR THE STATE OF ALASKA THIRD JUDICIAL DISTRICT AT ANCHORAGE

2	THIRD JUDICIAL DISTRICT AT ANCHORAGE		
3	EDWARD ALEXANDER; JOSH)		
4	ANDREWS; SHELBY BECK ANDREWS;) and CAREY CARPENTER,)		
5	Plaintiffs,		
6			
7			
8	ACTING COMMISSIONER HEIDI) TESHNER, in her official capacity, State)		
9	of Alaska, Department of Education and		
10	Defendant,		
11	ı	3AN-23-04309CI	
12		. 3AN-23-04309CI	
13	and BRANDY PENNINGTON.		
14	Intervenors.		
15	5		
16	6 AFFIDAVIT OF KYLE EN	AILI	
17	7 STATE OF ALASKA)) ss.		
18			
19	I, Kyle Emili, being duly sworn, state as follows:		
20	I I I I I I C. (CAlculus Department of		
21		State of Alaska Department of	
22	Law.		
23	2. I visited the Mat-Su Central Correspondence School website on		
24	May 25, 2023. I observed that the Mat-Su Central Correspondence School (MSCC)		
25	website maintains a list of curricula and instructional partners. That list contains over		
26	26		

student's correspondence study learning plan to easily identify appropriate resources. The list has a drop-down box for each entry that notes advantages and disadvantages of the curriculum, whether it is available in the MSCC Book Store, and, where available, a link to the website for the curriculum. The list notes that some of the curricula are "Religious: Non-Reimbursable." Out of over 200 curricula sources, five are public entities while the rest are private businesses and organizations. The five public entities are: (1) the University of Alaska system; (2) North Dakota (Online) Center for Distance Education, a state-run program identifiable as public by its URL, statement, and "about us" video; (3) Indiana University, the public university system for the State of Indiana; (4) University of Missouri, the public university system for the State of Missouri; and (5) University of Nebraska – Lincoln, the flagship public university for the State of Nebraska.

4. One option on Mat-Su Central's curricula list is GO Math. The drop-down box has a link to GO Math's website. Following that link leads to the GO Math program operated by textbook publisher Houghton Mifflin Harcourt. The

Alexander et al. v. Teshner Affidavit of Kyle Emili Case No. 3AN-23-04309CI Page 2 of 6

Also available online at https://www.matsucentral.org/resources/curricula.

Video available at https://www.cde.nd.gov/about-us/introduction-video.

- 5. Another option on Mat-Su Central's curricula list is North Dakota (Online) Center for Distance Education. North Dakota Center for Distance Education (NDCDE) is a public agency that offers K-12 online classes and other educational programs. I selected "High School," which opens a list of categories of classes offered. I selected "Agriculture" and was provided a selection of relevant classes. I selected Animal Science 1, an introductory course in animal husbandry, offered in conjunction with the Nelson Academy of Agricultural Sciences. A syllabus for the course is also available. A collection of screenshots from NDCDE's website is attached as Exhibit C.
- 6. Another option on Mat-Su Central's curricula list is Razzle Dazzle Creative Writing. Razzle Dazzle Learning is the business name for Judith Darling, a teacher in Texas, whose materials can be found on TPT (Teachers Pay Teachers), an online marketplace where teachers can buy and sell curricula.³ From the list of available lessons I selected "Creative Writing Lessons Middle School," which shows 38 available products. I selected "Creative Writing Lesson Plan START WITH THE END," a

Alexander et al. v. Teshner Affidavit of Kyle Emili Case No. 3AN-23-04309CI Page 3 of 6

³ See store online at https://www.teacherspayteachers.com/Store/Razzle-Dazzle-Learning.

student-directed creative writing lesson, and viewed a preview of the lesson plan. A collection of screenshots from Razzle Dazzle's website is attached as Exhibit D.

- 7. The Mat-Su Central Correspondence School website also has a list of over 300 community instructional partners and vendors covering the subjects of art, health, language arts, math, music, science, social studies, technology, and more. That list is attached as Exhibit E. The list includes a brief description of the vendor's offerings, a link to its website, and contact information. Only 16 vendors are public, and the rest are private businesses and organizations. Of the 16 public vendors, 15 are part of the University of Alaska system, and the other is iGrad, the Galena City School District's postsecondary Adult Learning program.
- 8. One of the private vendors on Mat-Su Central's vendor list is the Alaska Center for the Martial Arts. Opening the link to their website and navigating to "programs," and then to "kids martial arts" provides information, background, class goals, FAQs, and a registration. More information can be found on their Facebook page. According to these sources, Alaska Center for the Martial Arts is a multi-style martial arts school. A collection of screenshots from Alaska Center for the Martial Arts' website is attached as Exhibit F.
- 9. Another private vendor on Mat-Su Central's vendor list is Alaska
 Nautical School. Following the link to their website shows contact and other
 information. Clicking on "class schedule" shows available upcoming classes. Other
 information is available on their Facebook page. According to these sources, Alaska
 Nautical School offers U.S. Coast Guard (USCG) approved programs for students

 Alexander et al. v. Teshner

 Affidavit of Kyle Emili

 Case No. 3AN-23-04309CI
 Page 4 of 6

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seeking to become USCG licensed marine professionals. A collection of screenshots Alaska Nautical School's website is attached as Exhibit G.

- Another private vendor on Mat-Su Central's vendor list is Aurora's 10. Cakery and Bakery. The list includes a brief description of the vendor's offerings and contact information. More information is available on their Facebook page. According to these sources, Aurora's Cakery and Bakery offers classes on-site at Mat-Su Central and other locations. A collection of screenshots from Aurora's Cakery and Bakery's website is attached as Exhibit H.
- Another private vendor on Mat-Su Central's vendor list is Frontier 11. Tutoring. Following the link to their website shows the various tutoring services they offer, primarily consisting of one-on-one SAT/ACT test prep. Navigating to the offer for "FREE First Tutoring Session" leads to a page with more information about the tutoring programs. A collection of screenshots from Frontier Tutoring's website is attached as Exhibit I.
- Another private vendor on Mat-Su Central's vendor list is Sonja's 12. Studio of Performing Arts. Following the link to their website shows upcoming events and program information. Selecting the tab for "program information" provides more detailed information about the programs they offer, including classes on dance, tumbling, and music. A collection of screenshots from Sonja's Studio for the Performing Arts' website is attached as Exhibit J.
- The exhibits attached to this affidavit are true and correct copies 13. and screenshots of the websites I captured on May 25, 2023.

Alexander et al. v. Teshner Affidavit of Kyle Emili

Case No. 3AN-23-04309CI Page 5 of 6 ATTORNEY GENERAL, STATE OF ALASKA
1031 WEST 4TH AVENUE, SUITE 200
ANCHORAGE, ALASKA 99501-1994
PHONE (907) 269-5100

Kyle Emili

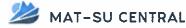
SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN TO before me this 1st day of June, 2023.



Notary Public in and for Alaska My Commission Expires: woffice

Alexander et al. v. Teshner Affidavit of Kyle Emili Case No. 3AN-23-04309CI Page 6 of 6 End of Year Reminders! Read Latest Update

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Curricula

All the options on this list have been reviewed and approved by a committee of teachers and parents. If you are interested in using a curriculum that is not on this list, please complete the curriculum review request on this page and connect with your advisor to make a plan.

In addition, MSC provides access to additional free and subscription resources, which you can find **HERE**.

L Request Curriculum Review

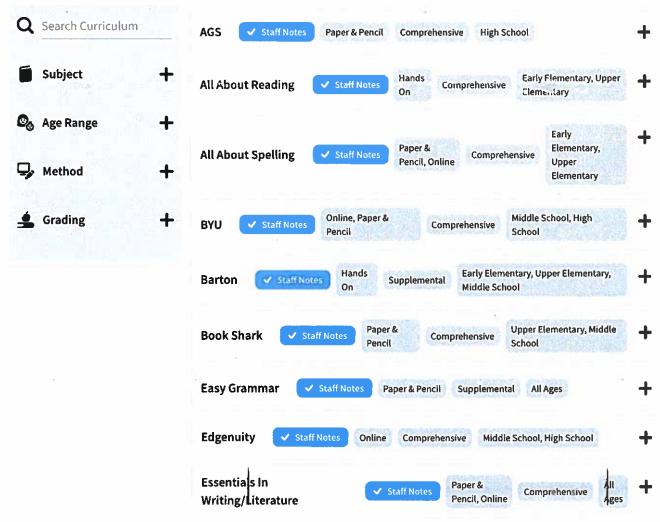
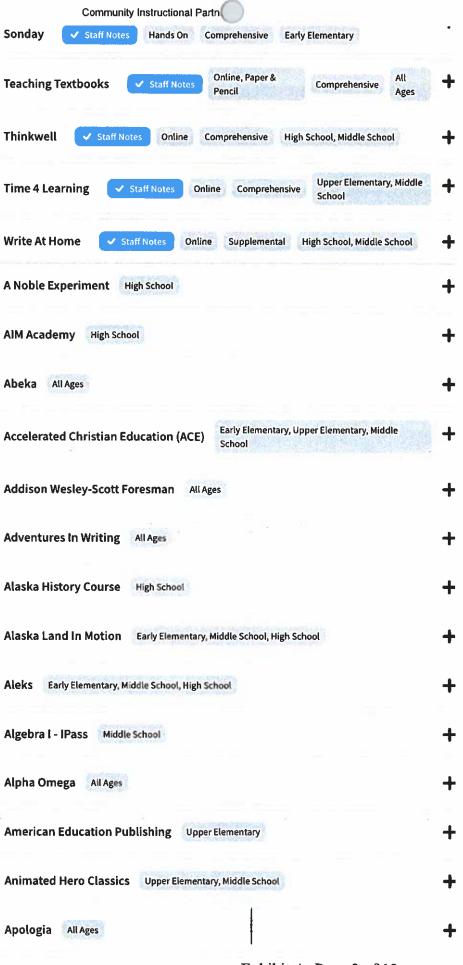




Exhibit A, Page 2 of 13



Community Instructional Partn	
Artelier Early Elementary, Upper Elementary, Middle School	+
Aunt Phil's Trunk Early Elementary, Middle School, High School	+
Berean Builders High School	+
Big Ideas Math Comprehensive All Ages	+
Bob Jones All Ages	+
Bravewriter All Ages	+
Build Your Library Middle School, High School	+
Calvert Upper Elementary, Middle School, High School	+
Carson-Dellosa Publishing Upper Elementary	+
Center For Lit High School	+
Chaikdust Company Early Elementary, Middle School, High School	+
Chicken Scratch Books Supplemental High School, Middle School	+
Child Of The Redwoods Supplemental Early Elementary, Upper Elementary	+
Christian Light Education Upper Elementary, Middle School	+
Class Of 1 High School	+
Classical Conversations Early Elementary, Middle School, High School	+
Classroom With A View High School	+
Compass Learning All Ages	+
Connecting Math Concepts (CMC) Upper Elementary, Middle School	+
Exhibit A, Page 4 of 13	+ 4/13

Community Instructional Partn Core Curriculum Early Elementary, Middle School, High School Core Learning Early Elementary, Middle School, High School Creating A Masterpiece Upper Elementary, Middle School Creative Teaching Press: The Learning Works Upper Elementary, Middle School Criterion Writing Early Elementary, Middle School, High School D'Nealian Early Elementary, Upper Elementary, Middle School Debra Bell Online Comprehensive High School Delta Education Upper Elementary, Middle School **Denison** High School Discovering Design With Chemistry High School EMC Paradigm Publishing Early Elementary, Middle School, High School Elements Of Mathematics - Foundations Middle School, High School Encore Early Elementary, Middle School, High School English For The Thoughtful Child Upper Elementary, Middle School Eureka All Ages Evan-Moor Supplemental Early Elementary, Upper Elementary, Middle School Everyday Math Early Elementary, Upper Elementary Excellence In Literature High School Experience Biology High School Exhibit A, Page 5 of 13 Community Instructional Partn

Follet Early Elementary, Middle School, High School

HS4CC High School

Film School 4 Teens Online, Hands On High School, Middle School

First Language Lessons(Peace Hill Press) Early Elementary, Upper Elementary

For Such A Time As This High School

Frank Schaffer Publications: Skill For Scholars Upper Elementary, Middle School

Geo Matters Middle School, High School +

Glencoe/McGraw-Hill Early Elementary, Middle School, High School

Great Source Early Elementary, Middle School, High School

Hartcourt Co. Early Elementary, Middle School, High School

Higher Altitudes For Language Arts High School

Holt All Ages

Holt Rinehart & Winston Middle School, High School +

Hooked On Phonics Early Elementary, Upper Elementary

Houghton Mifflin Upper Elementary, Middle School

Icanlearnonline.Com Middle School

Early Elementary, Middle

Ignitia (Online Version Of Switched On Schoolhouse)

Imagine Learning Online Supplemental All Ages

Indiana University High School +

Exhibit A, Page 6 of 13

School, High School

Community Instructional Partr	
Institute For Excellence In Writing All Ages	
Joy Hakim Middle School, High School	+
K-12 All Ages	+
Keas Middle School, High School	+
Key Curriculum Middle School, High School	+
Keystone National High School High School	+
Khan Academy Supplemental All Ages	+
Konos Early Elementary, Middle School, High School	+
Language Strategies Curriculum Middle School	+
Lexia All Ages	+
Lindamood-Bell Ail Ages	+
Live Education Early Elementary, Upper Elementary, Middle School	+
MacMillian/McGraw-Hill All Ages	+
Mark Kistler Online Art Academy Early Elementary, Middle School, High School	+
Marshall Cavendish Education Early Elementary, Upper Elementary, Middle School	+
Master Books All Ages	+
Math Mammoth Comprehensive Early Elementary, Upper Elementary, Middle School	*
Mavis Beacon Early Elementary, Middle School, High School	+
Mayron Cole Method Early Elementary, Upper Elementary, Middle School	+
Exhibit A, Page 7 of 13	+ 7/13

Community Instructional Partn	
McDougal-Littell Early Elementary, Middle School, High School	
McGraw Hill Early Elementary, Upper Elementary	 -
Meet The Masters All Ages	ŀ
Memoria Press Online Academy All Ages	+
Michael Clay Thompson Early Elementary, Upper Elementary, Middle School	+
Moving Beyond The Page Upper Elementary, Middle School	+
Mr. D Math Online Middle School, High School	+
Mr. D Math (For English) Online Supplemental High School, Middle School	+
Muzzy Early Elementary, Upper Elementary	+
Mystery Of History All Ages	+
Nicole The Math Lady Online High School, Middle School, Upper Elementary	+
North Dakota Div. Of Ind. Study (NDIS Or NDCDE) Early Elementary, Middle School, High School	+
Notgrass History Middle School, High School	+
Nystrom Upper Elementary	+
Oak Meadow School All Ages	+
Online G3 Middle School, High School	+
PAC (Paradigm Accelerated Curriculum) High School	+
PCI Reading Program Early Elementary, Upper Elementary	+
Pacemaker/Pearson High School	+
Exhibit A, Page 8 of 13	13

Community Instructional Partn

Paradigm Publishing High School

Peace Hill Press Middle School, High School

Pearson All Ages

Penn Foster Middle School, High School

PowerGlide All Ages

Prentice Hall All Ages

Psychology: A Christian Perspective Online High School

Raddish Upper Elementary, Middle School

Ramsey Education High School

Razzle Dazzle Creative Writing All Ages

Reading Horizons All Ages

Rightstart Math All Ages

Rocket Phonics Early Elementary, Upper Elementary

Ron Paul All Ages

Rosetta Stone All Ages

SRA All Ages

Saxon Phonics Early Elementary

Scholastic Inc. All Ages

Schoolhouse Teachers All Ages

Exhibit A, Page 9 of 13

https://www.matsucentral.org/resources/curricula

Community Instructional Partr Science Shepherd Early Elementary, Upper Elementary Scott Foreman-Addison Wesley All Ages Seton Home Study High School Shormann Algebra Middle School, High School Shurley English Early Elementary, Upper Elementary, Middle School Silver Burdett Ginn All Ages Singapore Math All Ages Singapore Physics High School Sonlight All Ages Standard Deviants Middle School, High School Steck-Vaughn Co. Middle School, High School Story Of The World Middle School, Upper Elementary Study.Com High School, Upper Elementary, Middle School Suzuki Middle School, High School Switched On Schoolhouse All Ages Tapestry Of Grace All Ages Teach Your Child To Read In 100 Easy Lesson All Ages The Art Of Problem Solving Middle School, High School The Four Pillars Of Geometry Supplemental High School

Community Instructional Partm

The Good And The Beautiful Early Elementary, Upper Elementary, Middle School

the sood wild the beautiful	ementary, middle Scribbi	
The Great Courses Supplemental High School		+
The Joy Of Signing All Ages		+
The Learning Company Early Elementary, Upper Element	ary, Middle School	+
The Mail Box Early Elementary, Upper Elementary		+
The Ordinary Parent's Guide To Teaching Reading	Early Elementary, Upper Elementary	+
The Potter's School Middle School		+
The Robinson Curriculum All Ages		+
The Thinking Toolbox Upper Elementary, Middle School		+
The Virtual School High School		+
Thinkfast All Ages		+
Thomson High School		+
Total Health High School		+
Trail Guide For Learning/Geo Matters Upper Element	ary, Middle School	+
UAA High School		+
UCSMP High School		+
LINVELSITY OF MUSSIALLE CENTER OF INDEEDLE STUDY	dy Elementary, Middle School, High nool	+
University Of Nebraska-Lincoln High School		+
Unlock Math High School, Middle School		+

Community Instructional Partr V-Math Early Elementary, Middle School, High School Veritas Press Upper Elementary Video Text Middle School, High School Weekly Reader Publishing Upper Elementary Well Trained Mind Academy Early Elementary, Middle School, High School Williamsburg Academy Middle School, High School Winter Promise Early Elementary, Middle School, High School Write Source Early Elementary, Middle School, High School Writing Strands Early Elementary, Middle School, High School Writing With Ease (Peace Hill Press) Early Elementary, Upper Elementary Young Scientist's Club Upper Elementary Zaner Bloser Early Elementary, Upper Elementary Zometool System Early Elementary, Middle School, High School **Zoo Phonics** IPass Early Elementary, Middle School, High School



Throughout tile Matanuska-Susitna Borough School District (MSBSD), we are living in the ancestral territory of the LEARNING

SUPPORT

RESOURCES

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Offerings

Staff

Calendar

907.352.7450

Instructional Partners (Vendors)

Counseling

Enrollment/Registratibaws Scholarships

907.352.7480

12/13

5/24/23, 10:46 AM



Dena'ina and Ahtna Peoples, and we offer our respect to their elders past and present. Mat-Su Central School (MSC) is committed to honoring the land, culture, and language of the Alaskan Native people and all Indigenous people.

Mat-Su Central, under the authority and guidance of the MSBSD, was founded and functions under the belief that choice is an important and viable option in American public education. MSC is a trauma-sensitive school, and our programs are provided for those students and families who choose an alternative to the traditional neighborhood schools. These programs are organized around the needs of students and families.

We are proud to be fully accredited by Cognia and also one of the Capturing Kids' Hearts National Showcase Schools* for 2019-2020.

Find out more at:

- Cognia
- Capturing Kids Hearts



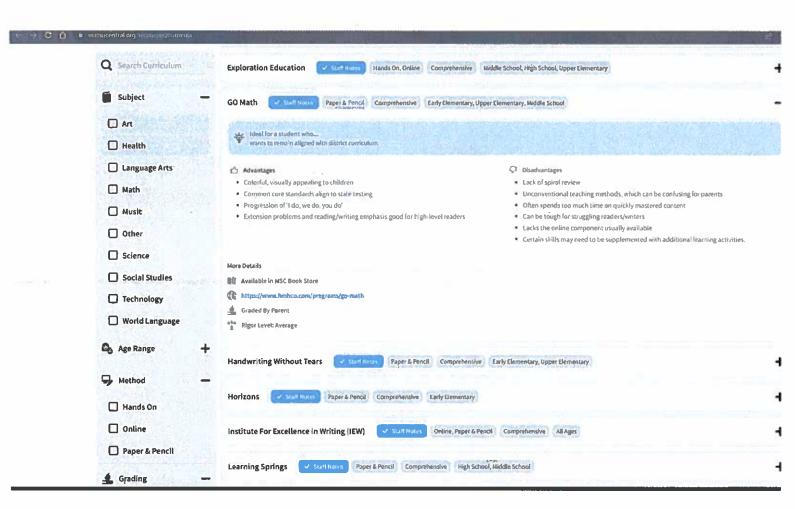
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HMH GO MATH![®] K-6

Available in Spanish

Built for Teacher and Student Success

Go Math! for Grades K-6 combines trusted content, practice, and games with user-friendly tools aimed at guiding every learner toward mastery.

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The Tools to Engage Learners at All Levels

Go Math! has provided trusted content for more than seven million students worldwide. Now we've incorporated more supports to ensure every teacher can feel confident teaching math. The program emphasizes ease of use, bringing together assessment, personalized and adaptive practice, and on-demand professional learning, on one manage able system.

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Exhibit B, Page 3 of 13

Learn how *Go Math!* boosts teacher and student success.

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CHECCEIN



One Time-saving Platform

Go Math! sets teachers up for success with a practical roadmap for daily lesson planning, assessment that automatically places students into personalized, adaptive practice, and access to rich professional development resources—all on a single platform.

Dynamic Personalization

Embedded <u>Waggle</u>
(/programs/waggle)
activities, available in English and
Spanish, deliver dynamic <u>personalized</u>
learning (/blog/what-ispersonalized-learning-in-education)
based on students' <u>HMH Growth</u>
Measure (/programs/hmh-growth-measure) scores.





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Ready-to-Go Resources

Our Tabletop Flipchart enhances

small-group math instruction
(/blog/math-small-groupinstructional-strategies) with readymade mini lessons for targeted skills
support. Additionally, Go Math! offers
abundant resources for centers,
differentiated math instruction
(/blog/strategies-for-differentiated-

Learn how Go Math! boosts teacher and student success.

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Exhibit B, Page 4 of 13

20R2CKIRE

math-instruction), and the Tier 2 and Tier 3 supports teachers know and trust.

Attention, Current *Go Math!*Customers

Our new and improved *Go Math!* curriculum for Grades K-6 has arrived and is ready to meet the demands of today's classrooms. Rest assured, we are still here to support teachers using the current version of the program.

PROGRAM LOGIN (HTTPS://WWW.HMHCO.COM/LOGIN)

GET SUPPORT (HTTPS://WWW.HMHCO.COM/HMH-SUPPORT)

STUDENT EXPERIENCE

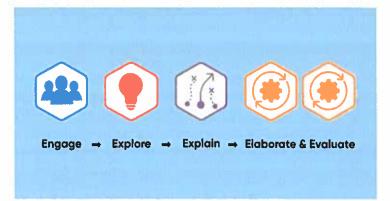
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Authentic Learning Connections

Go Math! is designed using the proven 5E instructional model (/blog/5e-instructional-model), guiding students toward proficiency by building on their previous understanding of mathematical concepts. Embedded formative math assessments (/blog/math-formative-assessment-examples) ensure students get the support they need.





Math Talk for Collaboration

Embedded Math Talk and collaborative activities encourage lively discourse. Students of all languages feel safe to participate in the math community. Math Talk, new Launch Lessons, Math Centers, and games offer fun opportunities for investigation and discussion.

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Exhibit B, Page 6 of 13

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/ PARPCKIRE

Acceleration for Every Learner

Waggle goes beyond adaptive practice to complement daily lessons in supporting students at all proficiency levels with curated practice and learning activities that address individual skill gaps.



TEACHER EXPERIENCE



STREAMLINED INSTRUCTION

Customizable Lesson Presentations

Our streamlined lesson planning, which includes ready-made, editable Classroom Lesson Presentations, saves teachers hours of work.

Learn how Go Math! boosts teacher and student success.

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WIDA-ALIGNED RESOURCES

Support for Multilingual Learners

Go Math! now includes extensive, WIDA-aligned supports for multilingual learners for every lesson, and additional proficiency-level support for pulled small-groups is available via the Tabletop Flipchart.

nning for Instruction					
Language Support	Substantial (WIDA Level 1)*	Moderate (WIDA Levels 2 & 3)*	Light (WIDA Levels 4 & 5)*		
Student's Use of Language	uses single words uses common short phrases	uses single words uses some academic vocabulary	uses a variety of sentences uses academic vocabulary		
	 heavily relies on visual supports and use of manipulatives 	 relies on visual supports and use of manipulatives 	benefits from visual supports and manipulatives		
to answer questions Speaking: answers ye questions Reading: matches syn to math terms and concepts	pictures, words, or phrases to answer questions	Listening: matches, categorizes, or sequences information based on visuals	Listening: draws conclusions and makes connections based on what they heard		
	questions Reading: matches symbols to math terms and	Speaking: begins to explain reasoning, asks math questions, repeats explanations from peers	Speaking: explains and justifies concepts and solutions Reading: understands		
	Writing: draws a visual representation of a	Reading: Identifies important information to solve a problem Writing: uses simple sentences and visual representations	information in math contexts Writing: completes sentences using some academic vocabulary		



TEACHER SUCCESS PATHWAYS Unlimited Implementation Support

Embedded on-demand training and week-by-week planning guidance build teacher confidence in just 30 days, putting them on a clear pathway to success.

The Power of Connected Teaching and Learning

Ed, HMH's learning platform, offers a connected teaching experience for Go Math! where assessment informs personalized practice, and teachers get the support they need, when they need it—all on one seamless system.

Benchmark INFO palized

Professional Exhibit B, Page 8 of 13

Learn how Go Math! boosts teacher Assessment A SAMPLE LIGHTTPS://LEARNING.HMHCO.COM/GO-MATH-DSE) and student success.

CHECONING

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Benchmark Assessment

HMH Growth Measure's valid and reliable benchmark assessments can automatically place students into personalized, adaptive practice based on domain and grade-level readiness, and further provide teachers with timely insights into proficiency.

Learn how *Go Math!* boosts teacher and student success.

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PARPCKIRE

Insights and Resources

Articles

Research



7 Strategies for Teachingechnology and Personglizeshing for Mather Math to English Language arning **Knowledge for Teach** Learners

Discover the benefits of technology and personalized each math well, teachers Whateled in the classroom—and digital tools destricted type of knowledge called These ELL strategies for math instruction you with teaching math to English language tomate the personalized learning processowledge for teaching.

learners and supporting math learning for Aoife Dempsey multilingual students.

Dr. Sue Chapman

Senior Vice President Product Management of Medical Learning Consultant, He

Richard Blankman

Shaped Editor

April 01, 2022

May 13, 2022

September 10, 2021

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KNOWLEDGE-FOR-TEACHING)

(HTTPS://WWW.HMHCO.COM/BLOG/PERSONSLIZEDWW.HMHCO.COM/BLOG

LEARNING-USING-TECHNOLOGY) **READ MORE >**

(HTTPS://WWW.HMHCO.COM/BLOG/STRATEGIES-FOR-TEACHING-MATH-TO-ENGLISH-LANGUAGE-

LEARNERS-ELLS)

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HMH Go Math!(Https://Www.Hmhco.Com/Programs/Go-Math)

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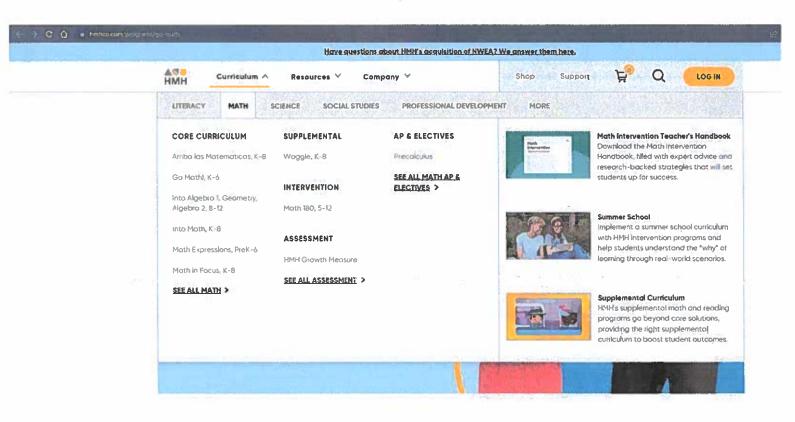
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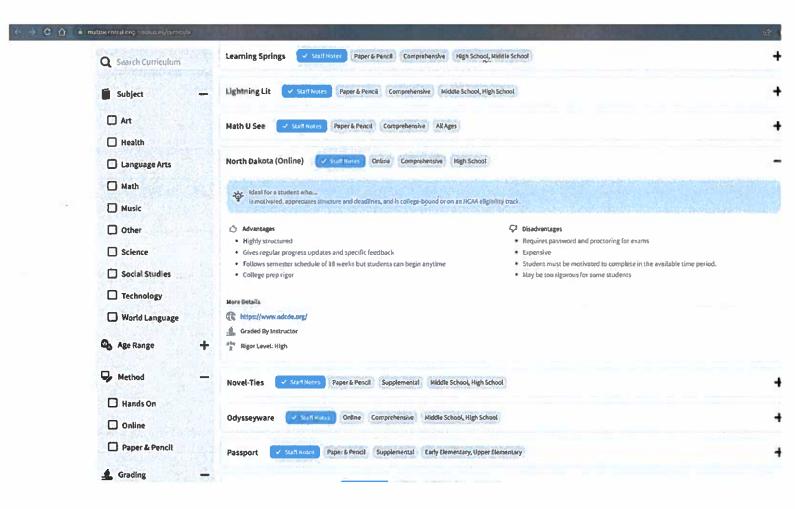


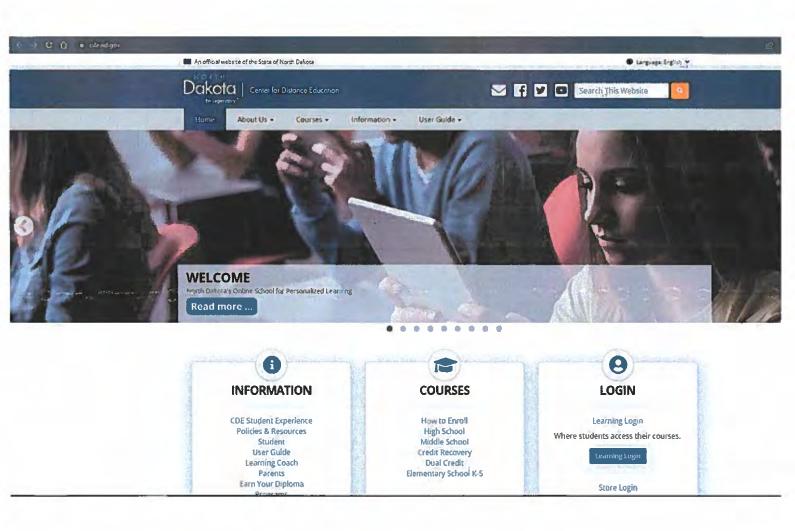
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The Tools to Forage Learners at All Levels

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North Dakota Center for Distance Education
Home > Courses > High School

High School

Categories



Exhibit C, Page 3 of 8





North Dakota Center for Distance Education

Home > Courses > High School > Agriculture > Animal Science I (HAG2371B)

Core/Elective Course

Animal Science I (HAG2371B)

Animal Science I is an introductory course in animal husbandry. This course will give the students general animal science skills. This course will provide the students with the basic education to successfully complete advanced animal science courses. It will discuss basic animal physiology, digestion, reproduction and genetics. It is highly recommended that Animal Science I be taken prior to the Veterinary Science, Equine Science and advanced Animal Science courses. Upon completion of this course, students will have excellent basic animal science skills that will lead to successful completion of upper level animal science courses.

Partner Alliance



This course offering is made possible through an alliance with ND CDE and the Nelson Academy of Agricultural Sciences.

Course Syllabus

This computer generated PDF syllabus provides an exact outline of all topics and assignments presented to the student.

North Dakota State Course Codes (MIS03)

This is a single semester (0.5 credit) course. The MISO3 code for this course is: 01061

Career Technical Education (CTE) Course

This course meets standards for the Career and Technical Education graduation requirement. Click here for details.

Course Duration and Extension

This course is designed to be completed in a 20 week semester. Students may extend the time for completion to 40 weeks by repurchasing the course as a Course Extension before the end of the 20 week enrollment.

Computer Requirements for Online Courses

This is an online course. Click here to view minimum computer requirements. Phones, tablets, and other computing devices, while they may work for some NDCDE services, are not supported for submitting assignments, posting discussions, or taking assessments.

MIS03 Code: 01061

Mode of Instruction: Asynchronous

Course Maximum Completion Length: 140 Days (20 Weeks, 0 Days)

Course Syllabus: LMS Generated PDF File



Animal Science I (HAG2371B)

NDCDE Resources

Welcome: Start Here!

Discussion Board: Getting to Know You- Complete Before Unit 1 (Within First 10 Days of Class)

Course Overview, Grading, Projects- VERY IMPORTANT TO READ FIRST!!!

Personal Portfolio - Complete within first FIVE days of course

Supervised Agriculture Experience Project- SAE- Major Grade- READ ALL!!!

SAE Project Requirements - READ NOW!!!

SAE Examples! (Important Resource for your SAE Portfolio)

SAE Skill Sets (Important Resource for your SAE Portfolio)

QUIZ- SAE- Complete after reading all materials about the SAE Project

SAE Teacher Contact Assignment

Unit 1: Intro. to Animal Science- Animal Domestication, Nomenclature & Species (Chapters 1-3)

Download Textbook

- 1. Study Guide & Notes (Complete all items in this unit in order)
- 2. Chapters 1-3 Assignment
- 3. Taxonomy Basics
- 4. Taxonomy Video Assignment
- 5. Assignment- Unit 3 Taxonomy
- 6. Video: A Deeper Look into Breeds-Livestock Heritage Breeds
- 7. Heritage Breed Video Assignment
- 8. Unit 1 Crossword Puzzle-Read Instructions via Pencil Icon

Unit 2: Animal Protein, Meats, and Hormones/Meat Production (Chapter 4-6)

- 1. Study Guide & Notes: Chapters 4-6 (Complete all items in this Unit in order)
- 2. Chapters 4-6 Assignment
- 3. Aquaculture Video
- 4. Aquaculture Video Assignment
- 5. Meat Cuts Comparison Worksheet- Assignment
- 6. Meat Cuts Comparison Assessment

Beef Retail Cuts -- Use to learn the retail cuts. No assignment.

- 7. Beef Primal Cuts Game- Assignment
- 8. Beef Retail Cuts Game- Assignment
- 9. Synthetic Hormones and Meat Production Discussion Board

Unit 3: Other Animal Products- Milk, Eggs, and Wool (Chapters 7-8)

1. Study Guide & Notes: Chapters 7-8 (Complete all assignments in this Unit in order)

- 2. Chapters 7-8 Assignment
- 3. Video: The Art of Cheesemaking
- 4. Cheesemaking Video Assignment
- 5. Video: Why and How to Candle Your Eggs
- 6. Video Assignment: Why and How to Candle Your Eggs
- 7. Wool Grading Article
- 8. Animal Products Crossword Review

Unit 4: Animal Biology- Cells and Cell Functions (Chapters 9-11)

- 1. Study Guide & Notes: Chapters 9-11 (Complete all items in this Unit in order)
- 2. Chapters 9-11 Assignment
- 3. Animal Cell Video
- 4. Eurkaryopolis Video Assignment
- 5. Animal Cell GAME- Assignment
- 6. Phases of Meiosis Video
- 7. Mitosis Video Creation- Assignment
- 8. Meiosis Game Review- Assignment
- 9. Unit 4: Animal Cells Crossword Puzzle

Unit 5: Anatomy & Physiology (Chapters 12-15)

- 1. Study Guide & Notes: Chapters 12-15 (Complete all assignments in this Unit in order)
- 2. Chapters 12-15 Assignment
- 3. Animal Systems Matching
- 4. Dairy Cattle Parts Game- Assignment
- 5. External Parts of Horse Game- Assignment
- 6. External Parts of the Sheep Game- Assignment
- 7. Chicken Anatomy Video- Watch and Prepare for Questions
- 8. Chicken Anatomy Video Assignment
- 9. Pig Skeletal System- Assignment

Unit 6: Animal Systems - Digestive and Hormone (Chapters 16-18)

- 1. Study Guide & Notes: Chapters 16-18 (Complete all items in this Unit in order)
- 2. Chapters 16-18 Assignment
- 4. Endocrine System Functions for Livestock Assignment
- 3. Ruminant Digestive System Model- Assignment
- 5. Cow Reproductive Hormones Video- Watch and Prepare for Questions
- 6. Cow Reproductive Hormone Video Assignment
- 7. Dairy Special- America's Heartland- Watch and Prepare for Assignment
- 8. America's Heartland Dairy Video Assignment- Complete and Submit

Unit 6 Crossword

Midterm: Animal Science I

2nd Portfolio: Midterm Portfolio - READ INSTRUCTIONS & COMPLETE NOW!

Unit 7: Reproduction and Fertilization (Chapters 19-21,36)

- 1. Study Guide & Notes: Chapters 19-21, 36 (Complete all items in this Unit in order)
- 2. Chapters 19-21, 36 Assignment
- 4. Video: Synchronizing Estrus, Heat Detection, & Al
- 5. Video Assignment- Synchronization of Estrus, Heat Detection, & Al
- 6. Video: Milk Matters, "Meet America's Dairy Farmers"
- 7. Video Assignment: Milk Matters
- 8. Farm Management Assignment

Unit 8: Génetics and Inheritance (Chapters 22-24)



- 2. Chapters 22-24 Assignment
- 3. DNA Structure and Replication Video
- 4. Video- Heredity: Crash Course Biology
- 5. Video Assignment- Heredity
- 6. Punnett Square Practice- Assignment
- 7. Baby Bunny Creation- Assignment
- 8. Unit 8 Genetics & Inheritance Crossword

Unit 9: Genetic Selection and Mutation (Chapters 25-26)

- 1. Study Guide & Notes: Chapters 25-26 (Complete all items in this Unit in order)
- 2. Chapters 25-26 Assignment
- 3. Video- Natural Selection
- 4. Natural Selection Video Assignment
- 5. Article- Mutation and Milk Yields in Dairy Cattle
- 6. Article Assignment: Mutation & Milk Yields in Dairy Cattle

Unit 10: Digestion and Nutrition Needs (Chapters 27-31)

- 1. Study Guide & Notes: Chapters 27-31 (Complete all items in Order)
- 2. Chapters 27-31 Assignment
- 3. Video: Types of Livestock Digestive Systems
- 4. Digestion Video Assignment
- 5. Digestion Story Assignment
- 6. Nutritional Information on Feed Labels
- 7. Functions, Deficiency Symptoms, and Signs of Minerals in Livestock Assessment
- 8.. Unit 10 Digestion/Nutrition Crossword

Unit 11: Animal Feed and Rations (Chapters 32-35)

- 1 Study Guide & Notes: Chapters 32-35 (Complete all items in this Unit in order)
- 2. Chapters 32-35 Assignment
- 3. Assignment: Feed Marketing Pamphlet
- 4. Video: Tips to make silage
- Silage Video Assignment
- 6. Implant Cattle Properly Video
- 7. Hormone Implant Video Assignment
- 8. Pearson Square Help-PowerPoint

Balancing a Feed Ration Using the Pearson Square Method

9. Pearson Square Math Practice

Final SAE Project- TURN IN HERE

3rd Portfolio: FINAL Portfolio – READ ALL DIRECTIONS & COMPLETE NOW!

Final Exam: Animal Science I

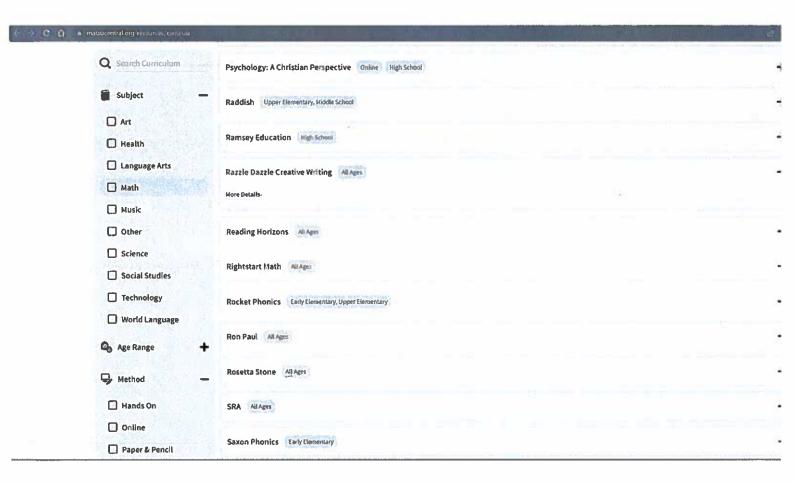
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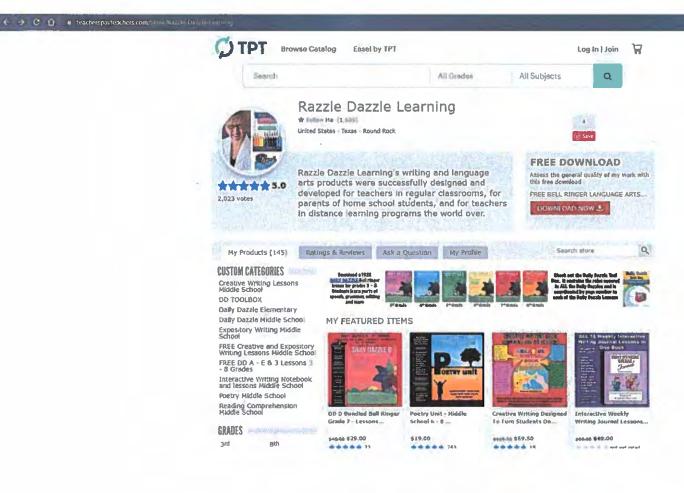
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End of Course Survey

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Creative Writing Lessons Middle School

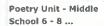
GRADES	
4th	8th
5th	9th
6th	10th
7th	

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Creative Writing Designed To Turn Students On...

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MY PRODUCTS

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Lesson



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Grade 7 - Lessons...

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sort by: Best Sellers

HALLOWEEN HAUNTED HOUSE - CC NARRATIVE WRITING - GRADES 6 - 8

🕵 By Razzle Dazzle Learning

This student directed Halloween narrative writing lesson is for grades 6 8. It allows students to independently write a narrative story about a haunted house that is real or Imagined. Students will brainstorm idea...

Subjects: English Language Arts, Creative Writing, Writing-Essays

Grades: 6th, 7th, 8th, Homeschool

Types: Worksheets, Graphic Organizers, Rubrics

W.6.3, W.6.3a, W.6.3b, W.6.3c, W.6.3d, W.6.3e, W.6.4, W.6.5, W.6.6, W.6.10, W.7.3... ccss:

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WISH LIST



HALLOWEEN INANIMATE OBJECT OBITUARY - CC Narrative Writing Lesson - Grades 6 - 8

🥵 By Razzle Dazzle Learning

This student directed writing lesson for grades 6 - 8, puts a higher level thinking twist on learning how to write an obituary. Students love this assignment! Teaching it is fun too, especially since the grading.

English Language Arts, Creative Writing, Writing Subjects: Grades: 6th, 7th, 8th, Homeschool

Worksheets, Graphic Organizers, Rubrics Types:

CCSS: W.6.3, W.6.3a, W.6.3c, W.6.3d, W.6.3e, W.6.4,

W.6.5, W.6.6, W.6.10, W.7.3, W.7.3a...

\$5.00

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FI WISH LIST



Creative Writing Lesson Plan - Survival in the Wilderness

8y Razzle Dazzle Learning

This STUDENT DIRECTED lesson plan may be used to integrate literature into writing about survival. It includes a critical question to prompt students and allows them to choose from a list, four items th...

English Language Arts, Creative Writing Grades: 6th, 7th, 8th, Homeschool

Worksheets, Graphic Organizers, Lesson Types: CCSS:

W.6.3, W.6.3a, W.6.3b, W.6.3c, W.6.3d, W.6.3e, W.6.4, W.6.5, W.6.6, W.6.10, W.7.3...

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WISH LIST

Creative Writing Lesson Plan - A Fairvtale From a



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free resources, updates, and special offers we send out every

week in our teacher newsletter?

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TEACHING CREATIVE WRITING

Not Grade Specific

By Razzle Dazzle Learning

This little book will explain how to systematically and effectively teach creative writing to children of all ages. There are rubrics, scoring guides, and many ideas and examples to make teaching and grading

Worksheets, Graphic Organizers, Rubrics

W.6.3, W.6.3a, W.6.3b, W.6.3c, W.6.3d, W.6.3e, W.6.4, W.6.5, W.6.6, W.6.10, W.7.3...

Subjects:

English Language Arts, Creative Writing

Grades:

Grades:

Types:

CCSS:

5th, 6th, 7th, 8th, Homeschool

Types:

Teacher Manuals, Graphic Organizers, Rubrics

\$15.00

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WISH LIST



Thanksgiving and Christmas Family Holiday Menu and Narrative CC Writing Lesson

By Razzle Dazzle Learning

In this fun hollday writing lesson, 6 - 8-grade students will design a family menu after learning menu appropriate vocabulary. Then they will write a personal narrative describing their own family traditions,

Subjects:

English Language Arts, Creative Writing,

Vocabulary

6th, 7th, 8th, Homeschool

Grades: Types:

Worksheets, Graphic Organizers, Rubrics

CCSS:

W.6.3, W.6.3a, W.6.3b, W.6.3c, W.6.3d, W.6.3e, W.6.4, W.6.5, W.6.6, W.6.10, W.7.3...

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WHO AM I?

Creative Writing Lesson Plan - How To Write In **Paragraphs**

By Razzle Dazzle Learning

This STUDENT DIRECTED creative writing lesson plan teaches students how to break a story into paragraphs. The topic of the lesson is fruit, which is a topic every child has a bank of knowledge for. The Lesson.

Subjects:

English Language Arts, Creative Writing

Grades:

6th, 7th, 8th, Homeschool Worksheets, Graphic Organizers, Lesson

Types: ccss:

W.6.3, W.6.3a, W.6.3b, W.6.3c, W.6.3d, W.6.3e, W.6.4, W.6.5, W.6.6, W.6.10, W.7.3...

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Creative Writing Lesson Plan - WHO AM I??

By Razzle Dazzle Learning

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Exhibit D, Page 6 of 23





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rs Pay Teachers



This STUDENT DIRECTED creative writing lesson teaches students how to write a personal narrative and to organize their story into introduction, body, and conclusion. This lesson is particularly good fo...

Subjects: Grades:

English Language Arts, Creative Writing

6th, 7th, 8th, Homeschool

Worksheets, Graphic Organizers, Lesson

Types: CCSS:

W.6.3, W.6.3a, W.6.3b, W.6.3c, W.6.3d, W.6.3e, W.6.4, W.6.5, W.6.6, W.6.10, W.7.3...

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Creative Writing - Your Own Personal Cartoon (Write a story and draw a cartoon)

By Razzle Dazzle Learning

This STUDENT DIRECTED creative writing lesson asks students to write a story and then draw the story in cartoon form. It teaches students about using dialog boxes and the onomatopoeia. This lesson Plan is...

Grades:

English Language Arts, Creative Writing

6th, 7th, 8th, Homeschool

Types: CCSS:

Worksheets, Graphic Organizers, Lesson W.6.4, W.6.5, W.6.6, W.6.10, W.7.4, W.7.5, W.7.6, W.7.10, W.8.4, W.8.5, W.8.6...

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FI WISH LIST



Creative Writing Lesson Plan - TALL Tales

🥵 By Razzle Dazzle Learning

This STUDENT DIRECTED creative writing lesson allows students to have fun exaggerating by writing a tall tale. It is an excellent lesson in which to teach hyperbole. The Lesson Plan is student graded and...

Grades:

English Language Arts, Creative Writing

6th, 7th, 8th, Homeschool

Types: CCSS

Worksheets, Graphic Organizers, Lesson W.6.3, W.6.3a, W.6.3b, W.6.3c, W.6.3d, W.6.3e, W.6.4, W.6.5, W.6.6, W.6.10, W.7.3... \$5.00

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Creative Writing Lesson Plan - START WITH THE



This STUDENT DIRECTED creative writing lesson asks students to use higher level thinking skills to make up the ending of the story and use is as the introduction. A completed example is included to show what...

Subjects:

English Language Arts, Creative Writing

Grades:

6th, 7th, 8th, Homeschool

Types: CCSS:

Worksheets, Graphic Organizers, Lesson

W.6.3, W.6.3a, W.6.3b, W.6.3c, W.6.3d, W.6.3e, W.6.4, W.6.5, W.6.6, W.6.10, W.7.3...

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WISH LIST



Creative Writing Lesson Plan - THE PERFECT DAY

By Razzle Dazzle Learning

This STUDENT DIRECTED creative writing lesson asks students to describe the perfect day for them. They can do whatever, go wherever, be with whomever, and however, they want to. It is a student favorit...

Subjects:

English Language Arts, Creative Writing

Grades:

6th, 7th, 8th, Homeschool

Types:

Worksheets, Graphic Organizers, Lesson

CCSS:

W.6.3, W.6.3a, W.6.3b, W.6.3c, W.6.3d, W.6.3e, W.6.4, W.6.5, W.6.6, W.6.10, W.7.3...

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Teaching Writing - Learn How To Set Up A **Student Directed Learning Program**

By Razzle Dazzle Learning

LEARN HOW TO SET UP A WRITING PROGRAM THAT ENCOURAGES INDEPENDENT LEARNING. Teaching this way greatly decreases teachers'/parents' grading time and workload and allows students to... \$6.00 10

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Exhibit D, Page 7 of





Subjects: Grades: Types:

English Language Arts, Creative Writing, Writing 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th, 9th, 10th, Homeschool

Teacher Manuals, Worksheets, Graphic

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■ WISH LIST



Creative Writing Lesson Plan - SHIP WRECKED By Razzle Dazzle Learning

This STUDENT DIRECTED creative writing lesson is an absolute favorite with students. They are asked to make basic life decisions concerning themselves and others when they find themselves...

Subjects: Grades:

English Language Arts, Creative Writing

6th, 7th, 8th, Homeschool Worksheets, Graphic Organizers, Lesson

Types: CCSS:

W.6.3, W.6.3a, W.6.3b, W.6.3c, W.6.3d, W.6.3e,

W.6.4, W.6.5, W.6.6, W.6.10, W.7.3...

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MISH LIST



TEACHING WRITING - Expositroy

👫 By Razzle Dazzle Learning

LEARN HOW TO SYSTEMATICALLY AND EFFECTIVELY TEACH EXPOSITORY WRITING TO CHILDREN, Including: 1, Providing reason for writing2. Learning how to "Tap" into students' memory banks3.

Subjects: Grades:

English Language Arts, Writing-Expository

6th, 7th, 8th, Homeschool

Types:

Teacher Manuals, Worksheets, Rubrics

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Creative Writing Lesson Plan - MY HERO

By Razzle Dazzle Learning

This STUDENT DIRECTED creative writing lesson plan teaches students to think about what they value and admire in a person and to reflect upon their own beliefs because they have to pick someone they

Subjects:

English Language Arts, Creative Writing

Grades:

6th, 7th, 8th, Homeschool

Types: CCSS:

Worksheets, Graphic Organizers, Lesson W.6.3, W.6.3a, W.6.3b, W.6.3c, W.6.3d, W.6.3e, W.6.4, W.6.5, W.6.6, W.6.10, W.7.3...

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■ WISH LIST



Creative Writing Lesson Plan - PERSUASIVE **ESSAY**

By Razzle Dazzle Learning

This STUDENT DIRECTED creative writing lesson asks students to think of a personal problem and provide a solution that would correct the problem. This involves the student in thinking up the problem and a

Subjects:

English Language Arts, Creative Writing

Grades:

6th, 7th, 8th, Homeschool

Types: CCSS: Worksheets, Graphic Organizers, Lesson

W.6.4, W.6.5, W.6.6, W.6.10, W.7.4, W.7.5, W.7.6, W.7.10, W.8.4, W.8.5, W.8.6...

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Creative Writing Lesson Plan- -FUN WITH VOCABULARY

By Razzle Dazzle Learning

This STUDENT DIRECTED creative writing lesson incorporates the students' vocabulary words in a story encouraging the use of powerful and interesting words. (Word Choice) Students like listening to each...

Subjects: English Language Arts, Creative Writing

Grades:

6th, 7th, 8th, Homeschool

Types:

Worksheets, Graphic Organizers, Lesson

CCSS:

W.6.3, W.6.3a, W.6.3b, W.6.3c, W.6.3d, W.6.3e, W.6.4, W.6.5, W.6.6, W.6.10, W.7.3...

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WISH LIST

Exhibit D, Page 8 of 23



WRITING ACTIVITIES TO ENHANCE YOUR WRITING PROGRAM

By Razzle Dazzle Learning

FUN AND STIMULATING ACTIVITIES THAT ENHANCE AND ADD PRACTICE TIME TO THE WRITING PROGRAM. Each activity has guidelines for teaching the activity. ACTIVITIES INCLUDE:1. Note...

Grades:

Subjects: English Language Arts, Creative Writing

6th, 7th, 8th, Homeschool

Activities Types:

CCRA.W.4, CCRA.W.5, CCRA.W.6, CCRA.W.10 CCSS:

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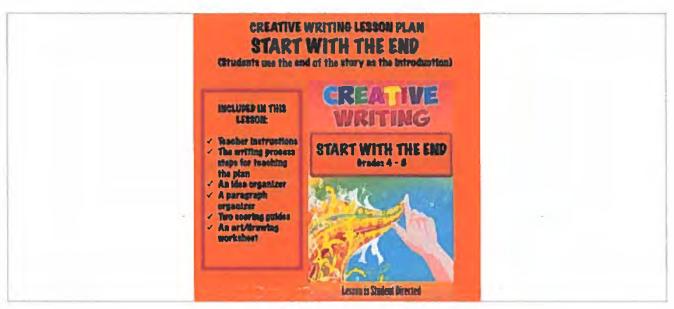


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Creative Writing Lesson Plan - START WITH THE END





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GRADE LEVELS

6th - 8th, Homeschool

SUBJECTS

English Language Arts, Creative Writing

RESOURCE TYPE

Worksheets, Graphic Organizers, Lesson

STANDARDS

CCSS W.6.3 CCSS W.6.3a CCSS W.6.3b CCSS W.6.3c CCSS W.6.3d show more

FORMATS INCLUDED

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PAGES

12 pages

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Also included in



Creative Writing Designed To Turn Students On To Writing Grades 4 - 8

These lessons may be used for any and all students if they need to learn the joy of writing without the stress. All 32 of the student-directed CREATIVE WRITING LESSO... \$69.50

\$135.00

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Description

This STUDENT DIRECTED creative writing lesson asks students to use higher level thinking skills to make up the ending of the story and use is as the introduction. A completed example is included to show what a story would look like.

This lesson Plan is student graded and includes:

- 1. Instructions on how to use the lesson plan
- 2. The writing process steps for teaching the plan
- 3. An Idea Organizer that taps into the student's personal bank of knowledge
- 4. A paragraph organizer that guides the students through writing the introduction, body, and conclusion
- 5. Two scoring guides (one includes the six traits of writing) so students know what the expectations are, how they will be evaluated, and allows them to grade their own papers before turning it in for the final teacher evaluation.
- 6. An art/drawing worksheet to go along with the lesson K-12 Subject:

Total Pages

12 pages

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eative Writing Lesson Plan - START WITH THE END azzle Dazzle Learning

Answer Key

N/A

Teaching Duration

1 Week

Report this resource to TPT

Reported resources will be reviewed by our team. Report this resource to let us know if this resource violates TPT's content guidelines.

Standards

Log in to see state-specific standards (only available in the US).

CCSS W.6.3

Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, relevant descriptive details, and well-structured event sequences.

CCSS W.6.3a

Engage and orient the reader by establishing a context and introducing a narrator and/or characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally and logically.

CCSS W.6.3b

Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, pacing, and description, to develop experiences, events, and/or characters.

CCSS W.6.3c

Use a variety of transition words, phrases, and clauses to convey sequence and signal shifts from one time frame or setting to another.

CCSS W.6.3d

Use precise words and phrases, relevant descriptive details, and sensory language to convey experiences and events.

Show more ∨

Reviews

All ratings ~

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Laura D.

February 18, 2013



Students Loved It!!

Helpful



Razzle Dazzle Learning (TPT Seller)

February 18, 2013

Thanks for letting me know how your students felt about the lesson. Judith

Questions & Answers

Please log in to post a question.

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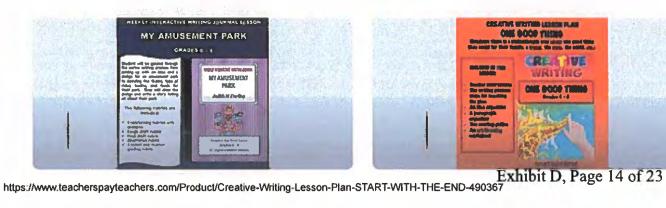


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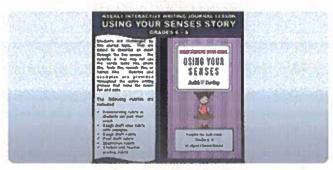
reative Writing Lesson Plan - START WITH THE END Razzle Dazzle Learning

Interactive Weekly Writing Journal Lesson - My **Amusement Park - CC Aligned** \$5.00

\$ 5.0 (7)

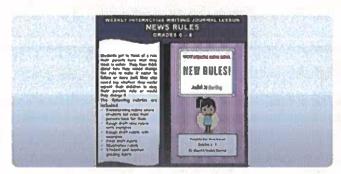
Creative Writing Lesson Plan - ONE GOOD THING \$5.00

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Interactive Weekly Writing Journal Lesson -Using Your Senses - CC Aligned \$5.00

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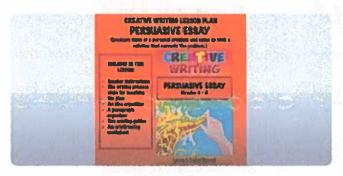


Interactive Weekly Writing Journal Lesson - New **Rules - CC Aligned** \$5.00



Creative Writing Lesson Plan - WHO AM I?? \$5.00

\$ 5.0 (7)



Creative Writing Lesson Plan - DESCRIBE A PICTURE (Descriptive Writing) \$5.00

\$ 5.0 (3)



Start With The End

Student objectives:

- To put the ending of a story at the beginning.
- To practice organization of details.
- To use all the elements of the writing process.

Starting a story with the ending forces students to think about their story in a different way. They make up the ending and use it as the introduction. The story can either go backwards from that point or then go forward to the very beginning and lead back up to the ending. This concept is very difficult for many students to understand initially, and requires more discussion and specific examples, which are provided.

- 1. Discuss the concept of starting a story from the ending.
- 2. Read the example story with the class so they understand the concept.
- 3. Give the following example of another story ending that could be made into a story.
 - a. Our famous dog was given a beautiful plaque, and a street in our town was named after her. We were so proud!
- 4. Discuss how to develop the story after writing the ending. A starter for the second paragraph could be.
 - a. Misty, our long nosed bloodhound, sniffed out the sent of the two lost children and found them sleeping under a tree. They had been playing in their back yard when...
- 5. Continue developing the example story with the class, so the students understand the concept. Once they see how a story can be written by starting with the end, they will be ready to write one of their own.
- 6. Give the students their own brainstorm story starter and help them with some ideas.
- 7. Write first draft.
- 8. Edit first draft.
- 9. Write second draft.
- 10. Edit second draft.
- 11. Write final draft in ink or on the computer.
- 12. Draw a picture from the story.
- 13. Attach a scoring guide to paper and critique story using the scoring guide.
- 14. Publish by sharing with class, friends, and parents.

To be able to teach writing effectively the instructor must set the example. If you are not strong in this area, the sheer fact that you are teaching it and practicing with the students will build up your confidence and make you and your students better writers.

Example of a Completed "Start With The End" Story

End of story as the introduction. You want to know what happened. Why did the fire truck come to a birthday party?

The Birthday Blaze

It was the best birthday party ever, even if the fire department had to send out the fire truck to put out the birthday blaze.

The day of the party started out like any other normal birthday party day. All of the guests were supposed to arrive by 5:00 in the afternoon so Mom and I did some last minute party favor shopping. We bought the ill-fated sparklers, then picked up the yummy looking chocolate chip ice cream cake from Baskin Robbins and hurried home to decorate the house.

Soon it was 5:00 and all twelve of my friends arrived. I was so excited because everyone I invited was able to come. Everyone brought bathing suits and we all jumped in the pool to swim and dive for an hour.

After we wore ourselves out swimming, Mom brought out large pizzas with lots of ranch dressing for pizza dunking. She had made onion dip and guacamole to go with chips, so we all sat around and gorged ourselves until we could hardly walk. It was so much fun!

Finally I got to open the presents and I was so excited with each gift. I got just what I wanted and everyone got to look at everything and play with them too. I was so happy.

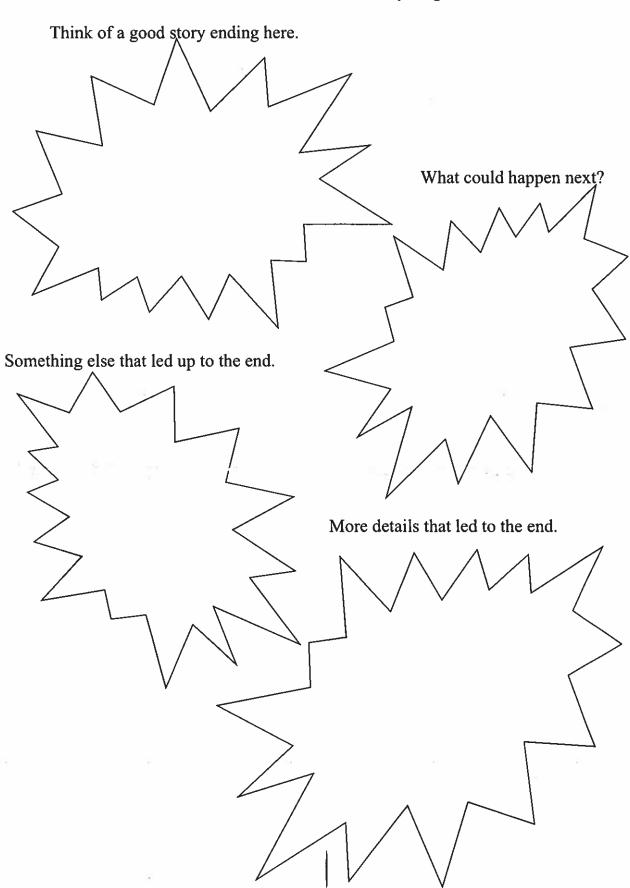
We played a few more games and then out came the cake. Twelve candles were lit on top and I made a wish and blew every one of them out. It was just about the most delicious dessert any of us had ever eaten. In fact there was only a couple of pieces left and Mom put the cake in the freezer so I could have some the next day.

Next came the party favors. Each opened a bag and took out the sparklers. It was dark by this time and it seemed like the perfect ending to an awesome party to light them and run around on the lawn. We begged and Mom finally gave in. She went and got a lighter and soon we looked like lightening bugs running around the yard.

We all forgot about my little sister and she decided to light a sparkler of her own. She was hiding behind the trash can where all of the gift wrap had been stuffed, and when she turned on the lighter, it touched a piece of the paper and whoosh, the whole can went up in flames. She ran in terror and Mom called the fire department. They arrived in minutes and put the blaze out.

It definitely was a birthday to remember.

Start With the End Brainstorm Story Organizer

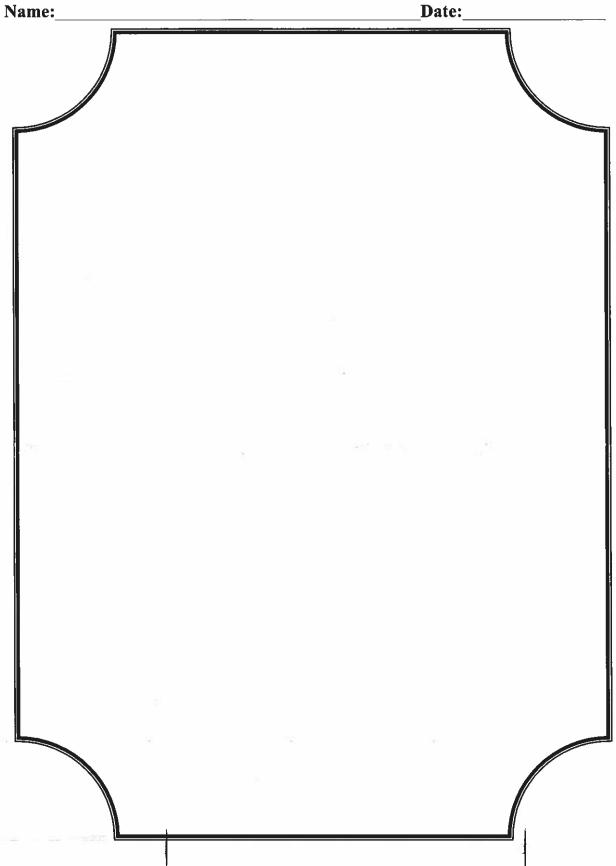


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Start With the End Paragraph Organizer

First Paragraph – Introduction: Start by writing the conclusion	or ending.
Y	
econd Paragraph: Either continue going backwards from the e eginning and start explaining what caused the ending.	nding or go to the
hird Paragraph: More information or details about story.	
+ .	
ourth Paragraph: Continue with the story, breaking it into app	propriate paragraphs.
Fifth Paragraph – Conclusion: Finish the story by referring to the story by referring the story by the story by referring the story by	he introduction in some
1	

Start With the End Picture



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Exhibit D, Page 21 of 23

Creative Writing Scoring Guide I

ame			Date		
nment					
(Nam	e, date, title, etc.)		1-4pts	Student formatted perfec	Instructor
Ü	, ,		•	Student	Instructor or more
Clear intro	oduction, body	y, and conclu	sion 1 – 4pts	SStudent	Instructor
Paper is no	eat and legible	e (readable)	1 – 4pts	Student	Instructor
_	-		spelling, grar 1 – 4pts		
<u>1</u> – no conven	tions 2 – a few co	nventions <u>3</u> – m	ost conventions co		Instructor t conventions
Rough dra	ifts are attache	ed	4pts		
Rough dra	ift signed by p	eer editor*	4pts	Student	Instructor Instructor
Total			5 – 28pts	Student	Instructor
Grade:	25-28=A	21-24=B	17-20=C	13-16=D	5-12=F
ments					
	Written in (Nam 1 - no format Length of 1 - story less Clear intro 1 - no paragr Paper is no 1 - not able to Thought we capitalizat 1 - no conven Rough dra Rough dra Total Grade:	Written in specified form (Name, date, title, etc.) 1-no formatting 2-some form Length of story is 1 page 1-story less than half page 2- Clear introduction, body 1-no paragraphs 2-at least of Paper is neat and legible 1-not able to read story 2-store Thought was put into concepitalization, punctuate 1-no conventions 2-a few concepts Rough drafts are attached Rough draft signed by particles Total Grade: 25-28=A	Written in specified format (Name, date, title, etc.) 1- no formatting 2- some formatting 3- most Length of story is 1 page or more 1- story less than half page 2- half a page 3- Clear introduction, body, and conclu 1- no paragraphs 2- at least one 3- all three, l Paper is neat and legible (readable) 1- not able to read story 2-story somewhat nex Thought was put into conventions— capitalization, punctuation 1- no conventions 2- a few conventions 3- more Rough drafts are attached Rough draft signed by peer editor* Total Grade: 25-28=A 21-24=B	Written in specified format (Name, date, title, etc.) 1-no formatting 2-some formatting 3-mostly formatted 4- Length of story is 1 page or more 1-4pts 1-story less than half page 2-half a page 3-more than half page 1-half a page 3-more than half page 1-no paragraphs 2-at least one 3-all three, but not interesting Paper is neat and legible (readable) 1-4pts 1-not able to read story 2-story somewhat neat 3-story most. Thought was put into conventions—spelling, grant capitalization, punctuation 1-4pts 1-no conventions 2-a few conventions 3-most conventions of Rough drafts are attached 4pts Rough draft signed by peer editor* 4pts Total 5-28pts Grade: 25-28=A 21-24=B 17-20=C	Written in specified format (Name, date, title, etc.) 1 - no formatting 2 - some formatting 3 - mostly formatted 4 - formatted perfect Length of story is 1 page or more 1 - 4pts 1 - story less than half page 2 - half a page 3 - more than half page 4 - full page Clear introduction, body, and conclusion 1 - 4pts 1 - no paragraphs 2 - at least one 3 - all three, but not interesting 4 - all interesting Paper is neat and legible (readable) 1 - 4pts Thought was put into conventions - spelling, grammar, paragraphs 1 - apts 1 - no conventions 2 - a few conventions 3 - most conventions correct 4 - correct Rough drafts are attached Rough draft signed by peer editor* Total 5 - 28pts Student Student Student 5 - 28pts Student Total 5 - 28pts Student 7 - 20 - C 13 - 16 - D

*Peer editor's responsibilities: Read the rough drafts and suggest areas that can be improved. Write suggestions in a colored pen or pencil and discuss improvements with the author. When you have finished, sign your name on the rough draft.

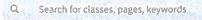
Scoring Rubric for Six Traits of Writing

41 KIV.	IE	I	DATE	
ASSI	GNMENT			
1.	Rough draft/drafts are attached	4pts	Student	
2.	Rough drafts signed by peer editor*	4pts		Instructor
3.	Written in specified format	1 – 4pts	Student	Instructor
٠.	4 - formatted perfectly 3 - mostly formatted 2 - some formatting 1 - almost	no formatting	Student	Instructor
4.		J		
→.	Paper is at least one page in length	1 – 4pts	Student	Instructor
	$\underline{4}$ - full page or more $\underline{3}$ - more than half a page $\underline{2}$ - half page $\underline{1}$ - less than ha			
5.	Organization: includes introduction, body, & closing	1-4pts	Student	Instructor
	$\underline{4}$ - excellent organization, easy to read $\underline{3}$ - good organization $\underline{2}$ - some organization	-	little organizat	
6.	Ideas/content: has a clear purpose & makes a point	1 – 4pts		
	$\frac{4}{2}$ - excellent, clear purpose, relevant anecdotes and details $\frac{3}{2}$ - purpose is reasonable - evidence of some purpose, leaves reader with questions $\frac{1}{2}$ - no clear sense of	onably clear, good of purpose, unsur	l details e of topic, uncl	Instructor lear information
7.	Voice: paper reflects writer's thoughts and feelings	1 – 4pts		
	4- very expressive and sincere $3-$ expressive and mostly sincere $2-$ somewh $1-$ writing is flat and uninteresting without any point of view	at expressive, sin	Student cere but not p	Instructor assionate
8.	Word choice: uses powerful and interesting vocabulary	1 – 4pts		
	$\frac{4}{2}$ - excellent, interesting, and accurate vocabulary $\frac{3}{2}$ - correct word choices, so $\frac{2}{2}$ - some correct word choices, uninteresting vocabulary $\frac{1}{2}$ - limited vocabular		-	Instructor
9.		_ =		
	Fluency: sentences flow, are clear, and vary in length	1 – 4pts		
	Fluency: sentences flow, are clear, and vary in length 4 - excellent flow, very clear and varied in length 3 - good flow, mostly clear a 2 - choppy, a few sentences vary in length 1 - difficult to read, sentences begin	nd varied in leng	Student th	Instructor
10.	$\frac{4}{2}$ - excellent flow, very clear and varied in length $\frac{3}{2}$ - good flow, mostly clear a $\frac{1}{2}$ - choppy, a few sentences vary in length $\frac{1}{2}$ - difficult to read, sentences begin	and varied in leng a same way, no flo	Student th w	Instructor
10.	4 – excellent flow, very clear and varied in length 3 – good flow, mostly clear a	and varied in leng a same way, no flo	Student th	Instructor
10.	4-excellent flow, very clear and varied in length 3-good flow, mostly clear a 2-choppy, a few sentences vary in length 1-difficult to read, sentences begin Conventions: thought was put into paragraphing, spellin	and varied in leng a same way, no flo ag, grammar, 1 — 4pts	Student th	Instructor
10.	4 - excellent flow, very clear and varied in length 3 - good flow, mostly clear a 2 - choppy, a few sentences vary in length 1 - difficult to read, sentences begin Conventions: thought was put into paragraphing, spellin punctuation, and capitalization 4 - conventions are correct 3 - most conventions correct 2 - a few convention 1 - very little evidence of conventions	and varied in leng a same way, no flo ag, grammar, 1 – 4pts as are correct	Student th ow Student	-
10.	4-excellent flow, very clear and varied in length 3-good flow, mostly clear a 2-choppy, a few sentences vary in length 1-difficult to read, sentences begin Conventions: thought was put into paragraphing, spellin punctuation, and capitalization 4-conventions are correct 3-most conventions correct 2-a few conventions	and varied in leng a same way, no flo ag, grammar, 1 — 4pts	Student th ow Student	-
10. Fina	4-excellent flow, very clear and varied in length 3-good flow, mostly clear a 2-choppy, a few sentences vary in length 1-difficult to read, sentences begin Conventions: thought was put into paragraphing, spellin punctuation, and capitalization 4-conventions are correct 3-most conventions correct 2-a few convention 1-very little evidence of conventions Total	and varied in leng a same way, no flo ag, grammar, 1 – 4pts as are correct 8 – 40pts	Student th ow Student	Instructor

*Peer editor's responsibilities: Read the rough draft and suggest areas that can be improved. Write suggestions in a colored pen or pencil, and discuss improvements with the author. When you have finished, sign the rough draft.

End of Year Reminders! Read Latest Update





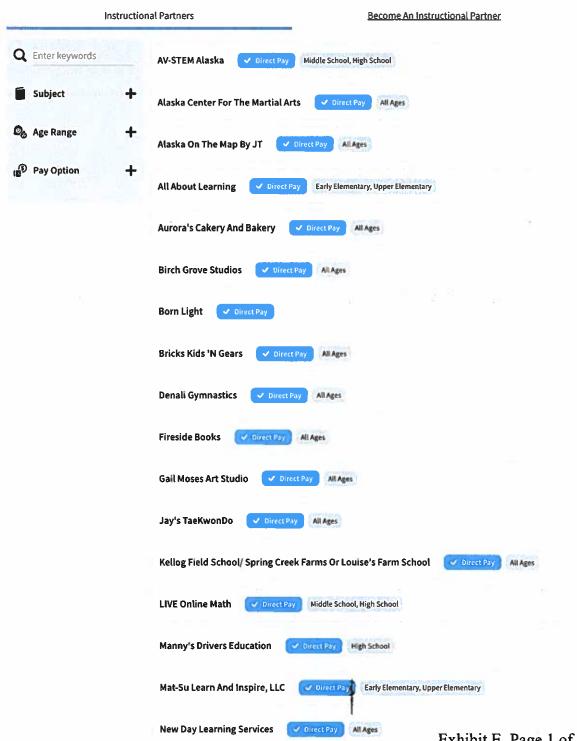


Portal 🚇

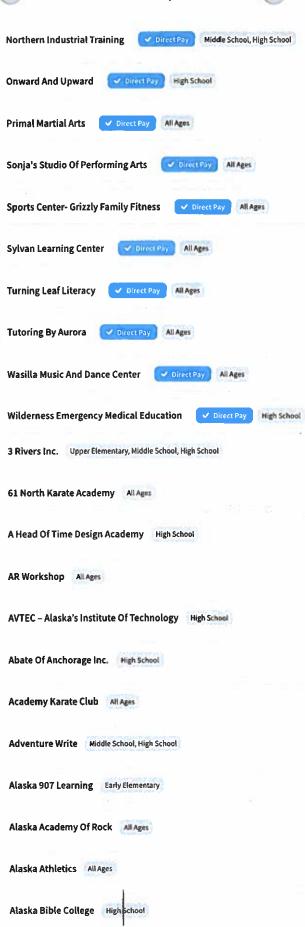
Menu 🚐

Instructional Partners (Vendors)





Community Instructional Partne



Community Instructional Partne Alaska Career College High School Alaska Childrens Choir All Ages Alaska Christian College High School Alaska Club All Ages Alaska Dance Theater All Ages Alaska Driving Academy High School Alaska Education Curriculums Middle School, High School Alaska Floats And Skis @ AK8, LLC High School Alaska Gear Up All Ages Alaska Horse Ranch, LLC Upper Elementary, Middle School, High School Alaska Music And Arts LLC All Ages **Alaska Nautical School** Alaska Pacific University High School Alaska Rock Gym All Ages Alaska Safe Driver Academy High School Alaska School Of Music All Ages Alaska Technical Center High School All About Dance All Ages All Starr Farms All Ages All Stitched Up All Ages Alpine Music Studios All Ages Alyeska Resort All Ages Amazing Grace Academy All Ages

Exhibit E, Page 3 of 15

Community Instructional Partn

Amundsen Educational Center High School Anchor Lutheran School All Ages Anchorage Gymnastics Assn All Ages Anchorage Junior Academy Early Elementary, Upper Elementary, Middle School Annabels Books All Ages Antonio Loffredo All Ages Arctic Farms Middle School, High School Arctic Gymnastics LLC All Ages Art Cafe Or Glass Art By Barb Early Elementary Artfully Detailed Early Elementary Ashleigh Nicholson Piano Studio All Ages Aurora Equine Therapy/ Alaska Unique Overcoming Risk & Adversity All Ages Aurora Kids All Ages Back To Basics Learning All Ages Bear Paw Archery All Ages Behind The Bit All Ages Bell Creek Agility & Obedience LLC All Ages Bespoke Broomworks Early Elementary Blue River Aviation High School Blumenkonig Studio All Ages Borealis Studios All Ages Brett Memorial Ice Arena All Ages

Bristol Bay Campus - UAF

Bristol Bay Campus - UAF High School Brush And Glaze Learning Studio All Ages Building A Musical Home/ Mat-Su Kids Chorus All Ages C Power 4 Learning Middle School, High School Cara's Classroom Early Elementary, Upper Elementary Central School All Ages Challenge Alaska All Ages Challenge To Achieve Middle School, High School Charter College High School Chickaloon Native Village Early Elementary, Upper Elementary, Middle School Chugiak Aquatics Club LLC All Ages Chukchi Campus - UAF High School Chung's Tae Kwon Do Institute All Ages Copperlight Wood High School Create With Jess All Ages Crossfit Telos Middle School, High School Dance Driven All Ages Danielle Aslanian All Ages DeEtte Hassen's Music Studio All Ages Deb Ley Piano Instruction All Ages Delta Dance & Performing Arts All Ages Denali Arts Council All Ages

Dive Alaska Upper Elementary, Middle School, High School

Dushko Tutoring All Ages

EZ Walking Stables All Ages

Eagle River Ballet All Ages

Easton Music All Ages

Edge Athletics All Ages

Edge Preschool Early Elementary

Elena P. Lukina- Shelt All Ages

Elevate Basketball Skills Early Elementary

Embry-Riddle Aeronautical University High School

Encore! Valley Music All Ages

Evelyn's Music Studio Early Elementary, Upper Elementary, Middle School

Everything In Spanish High School

Excel Gymnastics All Ages

Fearless Fitness Upper Elementary, Middle School, High School

Fiddlin' Annie Music All Ages

Finding Your Future Middle School, High School

Forest Wilson Guitarist Early Elementary

Forstner Education Services Middle School, High School

Fox & Kit (Ppds) All Ages

Frontier Tutoring Early Elementary

Galena City School District Postsecondary Adult Programs High School

Gates Music All Ages

Community Instructional Partne German Language Center All Ages Gille Learning Center Early Elementary, Upper Elementary Grace Academy All Ages Greatland Welding High School Greatland Youth Chorus Early Elementary, Upper Elementary, Middle School Hablemos All Ages Harrington Studio All Ages Heartland Music Instruction All Ages Hobbs Hill Music All Ages Holy Rosary Academy All Ages Homework Helpers All Ages Horning Enterprises All Ages Horsman Equine Education Upper Elementary, Middle School, High School Ilisagvik College High School Innergy Middle School, High School Insurance License Preparation Of Alaska High School Interior-Aleutians Campus - UAF High School Into It Art Early Elementary Irish Dance All Ages It's More Than Speech, LLC All Ages Jensen Tutoring Middle School, High School

Jo-Ann Fabric And Crafts

Jessie's Vocals All Ages

Community Instructional Partne

John Damberg Creative Music Middle School, High School

Jolene's Piano Studio All Ages

Just Add Paint All Ages

K12 INC. All Ages

Kayla's Violin Studio All Ages

Kenai Peninsula College - UAA High School

Kenai Peninsula Driving Instruction High School

Ketchikan Campus - UAS High School

Keyboard Creations All Ages

Kim Bergey Fitness All Ages

Kodiak College - UAA High School

Krav Maga Anchorage Dba All Ages

Kuskokwim Campus - UAF High School

LAA Vocal Studio All Ages

Last Frontier Learning Early Elementary, Upper Elementary, Middle School

Last Frontier Piano Studio All Ages

Laura Walters Art And Academics Middle School, High School

Lazy M Farms All Ages

Learning Essentials All Ages

Learning With April Upper Elementary, Middle School

Learning With Lockwood Middle School, High School

Lessons Unlimited Upper Elementary, Middle School, High School

Li'l Bitty Ditties Early Elementary

Life Safety Instruction Middle School, High School

Linda's Music Lesson Upper Elementary, Middle School, High School, Early Elementary

Lisa Boyles, M. Ed., Tutoring Early Elementary, Upper Elementary, Middle School

Loa's Piano Studio All Ages

Love 2 Create in AK Early Elementary

Lovely Pua Virtual School Counseling Services, LLC Early Elementary

Lucky 2 Shoes Equestrians All Ages

Lund Learning Legacy Early Elementary, Upper Elementary, Middle School

Make Yourself LLC Upper Elementary, Middle School, High School

Manifold Education Services All Ages

Marina's Happy Music All Ages

Mat Su Junior Nordics (Mat Su Ski Club) All Ages

Mat Su Ski And Snowboard Club Inc. All Ages

Mat-Su Cross Fit, LLC Early Elementary

Mat-Su Math All Ages

Mat-Su Shooters Middle School, High School

Matanuska Outdoor Institute Middle School, High School

Matanuska Valley Sportsmen Inc. Upper Elementary, Middle School, High School

Matanuska-Susitna College – UAA High School

Math At Work Upper Elementary, Middle School, High School

Memories Studio All Ages

Menard Sports Center

All Ages

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MetrOasis Advanced Training Center High School
Micah Horning All Ages
Mid Valley Wrestling All Ages
Midnight Song Studio All Ages
Miss Renae Music All Ages
Moosewood Art Studio All Ages
Mount Ellis Academy High School
Mount Ellis Elementary School Early Elementary, Upper Elementary, Middle School
Mountain City Christian Academy All Ages
Ms. Carrie's Critters Early Elementary, Upper Elementary
Muse School Of Music All Ages
Music Studio Of Debbie Davis All Ages
Music And Russian Language Tutoring Early Elementary
My Court Tennis All Ages
Natasha Bowers All Ages
Natures Nest Early Elementary
North Star Potential All Ages
Northbound Kangoo & Fitness Club Willow Early Elementary
Northern Melodies All Ages
Northern Waters Piano Studio All Ages
Northwest Campus - UAF High School
Okamotos School Of Karate Early Elementary
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Old Believer Private School All Ages
Orito's Taekwondo Inc. All Ages
Our Little Farm All Ages
Out4Fun907 Middle School, High School
PPF: Follow The Child All Ages
Paint Nights With Sara All Ages
Palmer Amateur Hockey Assoc. All Ages
Palmer Folk School All Ages
Paragon Art Instruction High School
Pediatric Resource Center Of Alaska Early Elementary, Upper Elementary
Percussion In The Valley All Ages
Piano Forte All Ages
Pictured Arts And Ice All Ages
Pioneer Grappling Academy Middle School, High School
Pioneer Peak Farm - Healthy Roots Upper Elementary, Middle School, High School
Polar Apex All Ages
Preston Wood Shop Upper Elementary, Middle School, High School
Prince William Sound Community College High School
Problem Solved All Ages
R Team Canine Coaching Upper Elementary, Middle School, High School
 Reading Write Alaska All Ages
 RecTennis USTA All Ages
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Refuge Crossfit All Ages

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Romine Tutoring Middle School, High School
Rue 3 Studios All Ages
Russian Horosho All Ages
SSAAK Chugiak Soccer Club All Ages
STEAM Engine No. 5 Early Elementary, Upper Elementary
Sam's Art & Music Studio All Ages
Screaming Eagle Archery All Ages
Scuba Shack LLC Upper Elementary, Middle School, High School
Sewing Together Upper Elementary
Sheaffer Services Upper Elementary, Middle School, High School
Silver Legacy Stables, LLC All Ages
Sitka Campus - UAS High School
Skeetawk All Ages
Sleepy Hollow Golf Course Early Elementary, Upper Elementary
Sonship Enterprises All Ages
Spanish Nuts And Bolts All Ages
Spears Studies All Ages
Strausbaugh Performance Horses Early Elementary
Studio 49 All Ages
Sub-Zero Aquatics All Ages
Summit Fitness LLC All Ages
 Sunderland Ranch All Ages
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Community Instructional Partne Suzuki Music/ Margaret Turner Early Elementary Swim Alaska All Ages Taco's Face Gym Soccer (TFG Soccer) Early Elementary Talkeetna Youth Hockey Association Early Elementary, Upper Elementary, Middle School The Beauty School High School The Grape Tap All Ages The Hockey AKademy, LLC All Ages The Mathmagician Upper Elementary, Middle School, High School Thomas Reading And Spelling Solutions All Ages Tom Bargelski Music All Ages Trend Setters School Of Beauty High School TruLearn High School Trudy Bonnette All Ages Tundra Rose Education Services Early Elementary Tutor With A Heart Early Elementary, Upper Elementary, Middle School Twin View Farm All Ages Two Rivers Ranch All Ages UAF Community & Technical College High School University Of Alaska Anchorage (UAA) High School University Of Alaska Fairbanks (UAF) High School University Of Alaska Southeast (UAS) High School V Creative Adventures, LLC All Ages Valley Music All Ages

Community Instructional Partne

Valley School Of Music All Ages

Valley Tutoring Services Upper Elementary

Violin Studio Of Olesya Waln All Ages

Wasilla Mat Su Diving Team All Ages

Wayland Baptist University High School

Wholy Living Upper Elementary, Middle School, High School

Winter Lessons All Ages

Wood And Wire Guitars & Music All Ages

Woodward Tutoring Upper Elementary, Middle School, High School

Yoga Om Early Elementary, Upper Elementary, Middle School

Yu'hop Studio Upper Elementary, Middle School, High School

Yuut Elitnaurviat - The People's Learning Center High School

MAT-SU CENTRAL

Throughout the Matanuska-Susitna Borough School District (MSBSD), we are living in the ancestral territory of the Dena'ina and Ahtma Peoples, and we offer our respect to their elders past and present. Mat-Su Central School (MSC) is committed to honoring the land, culture, and language of the Alaskan Native people and all Indigenous people.

Mat-Su Central, under the authority and guidance of the MSBSD, was founded and functions under the belief that choice is an important and viable option in American public education. MSC is a traumasensitive school, and our programs are provided for those students and families who choose an alternative to the traditional neighborhood schools. These programs are organized around the needs of students and families.

We are proud to be fully accredited by Cognia and so one of the Capturing Klds' Hearts National howcase Schools* for 2019-2020.

Find out more at:

LEARNING	SUPPORT	RESOURCE
Offerings	Staff	Calendar
Instructional Partners (Vendors)	Enrollment/Registration	News
	Counseling	Scholarship
	Special Education	Curricula
	Allotment Support	Forms

CONTACT US

907.352.7450 907,352,7480

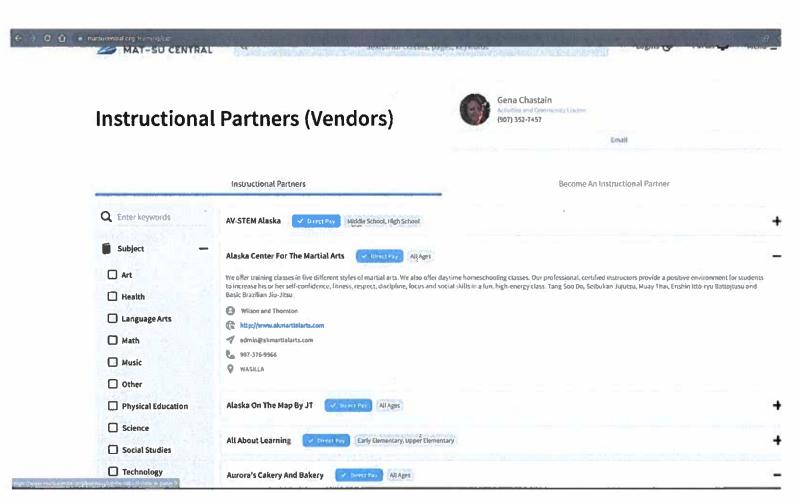
Wasilla 600 E Rallroad Ave, Wasilla, AK 99654

Palmer 742 S. Alaska Street, Suite #1 Palmer, AK 99645

Facebook Twitter Instagram Submit your website feedback

- Cognia - Capturing Kids Hearts









STUDENTS



Reach your full potential with Alaska Center for the Mar

Get started today with our EXCLUSIVE offer!

Request more information today to find out how you or your child can start training!

GET STARTED TODAY



Secure your spot and get started today with our EXCLUSIVE offer!

Full Name*

Email*

Phone*

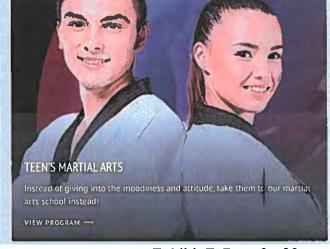
Select a Program*

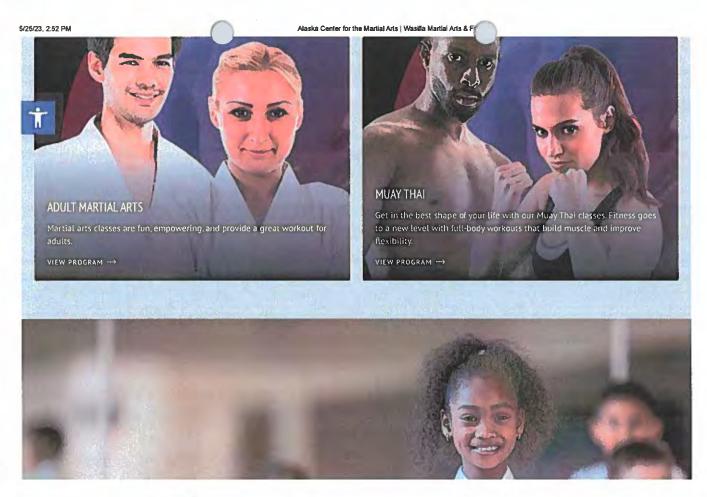
GET STARTED TODAY

learn more, You may opt-out anytime by replying STOP

SELECT A PROGRAM





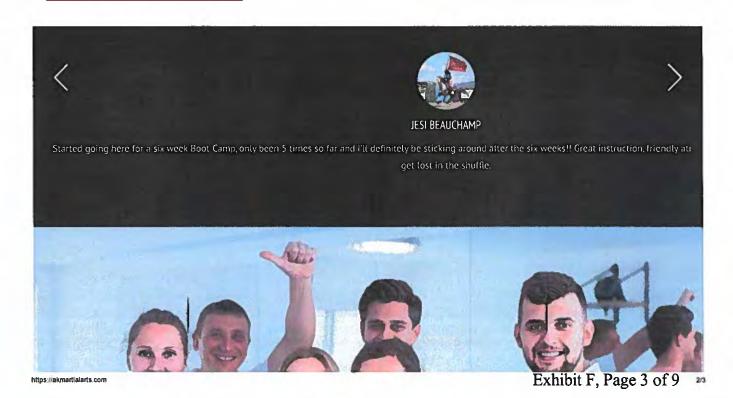


BUILD CHARACTER AND LEADERSHIP QUALITIES

DISCIPLINE & CONFIDENCE!

Martial arts classes benefit growing children far beyond the dojo and in many real-world scenarios. Our structured classes are meant to help develop coordination, physical fitness, mental strength, as well as gain valuable social skills. Through positive reinforcement, we can bring out the best in your children to help them succeed in life.

VIEW OUR KID'S MARTIAL ARTS PROGRAM

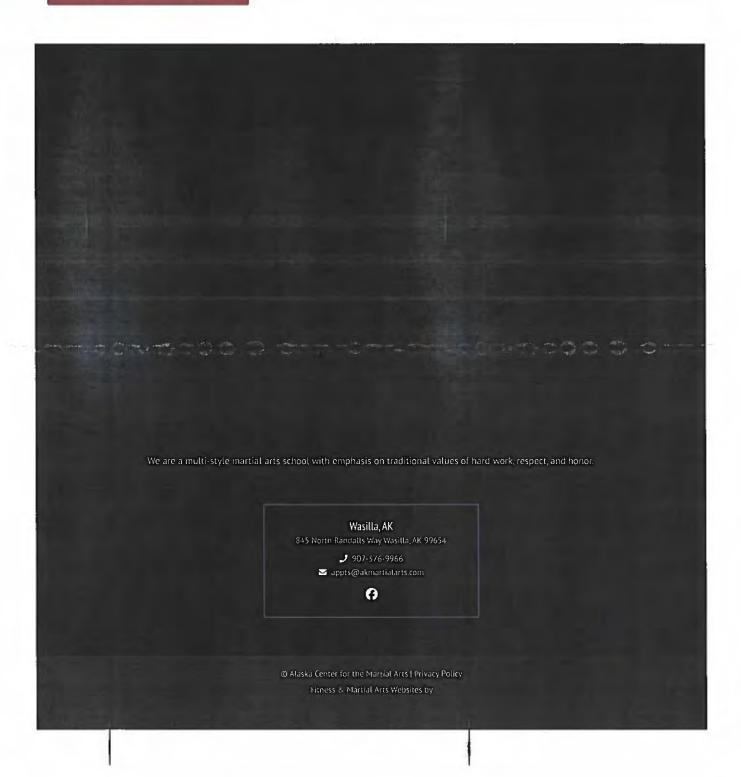


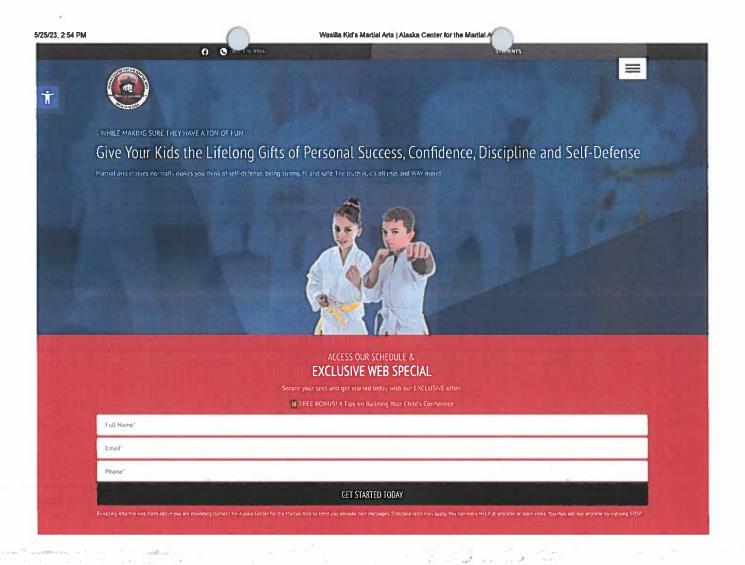


MPROVE FLEXIBILITY, BALANCE, AND STRENGTH

self-defense, build confidence, and get in the best shape of your lives! Martial arts has tons of physical, mental and social benefits, suitable for anyone and everyone. Become part of something positive and learn new skills from trained martial arts professionals. It's easy to get started—Enroll in martial arts classes today!

VIEW OUR ADULT MARTIAL ARTS PROGRAM









A FEW WORDS FROM

LOGAN THORNTON

I'm Logan Thornton, Chief Instructor here at Alaska Center for the Martial Arts.

As a martial arts instructor with extensive experience training kids, there is nothing better than seeing them grow firsthand,

But more important than the martial arts skills they learn... is the personal skills they develop and carry for life.

Because martial arts is so much more than just kicking and punching, and getting the next colorful belt.

It's about developing confidence, discipline, character, focus and respect.

With every class we teach, your kids are growing in mind, body and character

That's because martial arts provides instant positive feedback. Through learning to focus on the core moves, they develop discipline and respect. They can instantly see and feel a difference, making them destined to build confidence, self-owneress and self-respect.

Exhibit F, Page 6 of 9

5/25/23, 2:54 PM

Wasilla Kid's Martial Arts | Alaska Center for the Martial



And of course it's a ton of FUN!

That's why I love teaching martial arts to kids in this community, and why I know your kids are going to LOYE training

So please have a look below to find out exactly how your kids can benefit from our fun martial arts classes.



. .

DOES YOUR CHILD HAVE

ANY OF THESE CHALLENGES?

They are great kids but they just don't listen, often being told to do something a hundred times before they actually do anything.

They're bright and intetligent, yet have trouble paying attention at home, in school or in any important situation, even being classified as an 'ADD' or 'ADHD' child.

They are simply shy and lack the confidence and self-esteem needed to live up to their full potential.





LUCKILY THERE IS A COMPREHENSIVE SOLUTION.

THE DIFFICULTIES OF RAISING CHILDREN ARE NEAR ENDLESS

There really is a safe natural and extremely effective way to take charge and positively impact every aspect of your child's life. It doesn't take medicine, therapy, harsh actions, or cajoling your kids to change their behavior, Instead, it is teaching your kids self-discipline, hard work, confidence, and respect. This done in a way that empowers them while also teaching them humility, and promoting health and fitness... all at the same time

Sounds like a wonder cure doesn't it?

But there really is something that does all that. And that's the power of martial arts classes



LIFELONG CHARACTER AND SUCCESS TRAITS

Your kids' everyday friends aren't the main concern anymore when it cames to character development. Now you have to worry about all the negative and harmful influences that the internet can introduce into your children's lives.

The true benefit or our classes are the character and success traits that are developed thinugh martial arts training,

Through learning the skills and techniques of martial acts, to the guidance and inspiration of our instructors and the positive social interaction with their fellow classmates, your kids will develop a whole list of skills.



FITNESS DISGUISED



Face it. Between the foods we eat and the constant sitting and staring into screens and devices, many kids aren't getting enough regular exercise.

Our martial arts classes for kids are full exercise routines disguised as a boatload of fun! That's because they are Jam packed with activities, games and drifts that are all designed to disguise the repetition of training.

Of course it's important for your kids to exercise and wear themselves out - they stay healthy, sleep well, and develop their minds and bodies. But just as important, our classes will help develop at a young age the physical habits they need to grow into healthy adults.



SELF-DEFENSE FROM PREDATORS AND BULLIES

We never want our kids to have to use these skills in modern life, but every good parent still wants their kids to be safe.

That's why our martial arts training is very serious about teaching your kids the skills needed for self-protection in any circumstance, from the neighborhood bully to a stranger on the street (and so much more).

But knowing how to defend oneself is only half the battle. Our classes teach your child the respect and self-discipline needed to diffuse a situation without violence whenever possible — as well as the knowledge to know when force is the only way to safety.



TONS OF F-U-N !!

We prove forget... It's are kids and they deserve to have some funt

We can't guarantee that their normal school teachers are making learning an enjoyable experience, but we DO guarantee that your kid will have a blast in our martial arts classes.

It realty is a challenge to design a class that keeps children focused on learning, respect, and discipline while still having fun __but our classes are created just for that. They are so full of ideas, activities, and games that your kids will never get bored or stagnate.

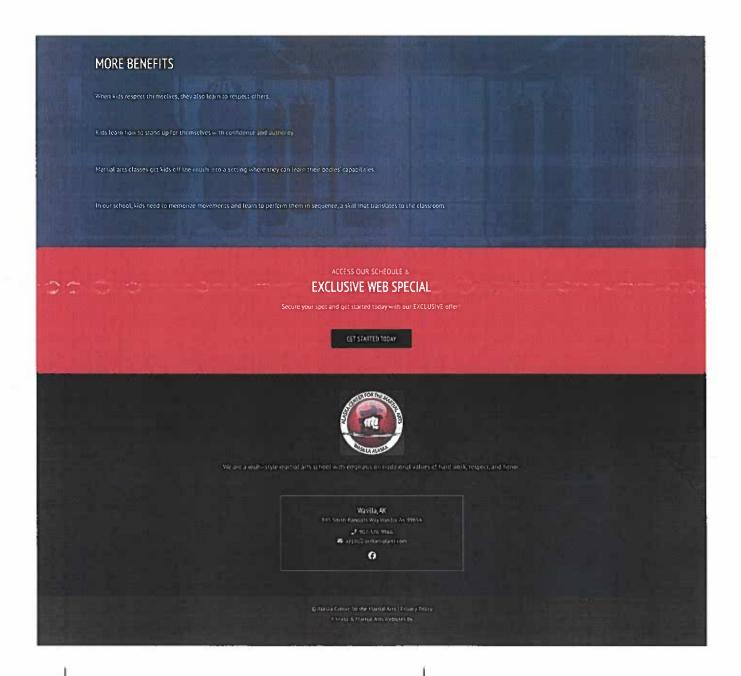
It's also a fantastic and healthy environment for them (and you) to make friends with other like-minded students. It really is a place where laughter, cheer and happiness abound.

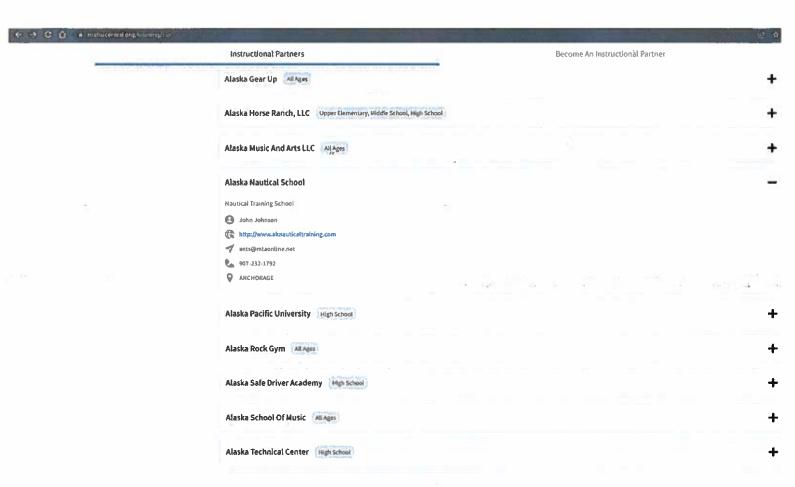




FAQS

My child is out of control. Can martial arts help?	What skills will my child learn to help themselves do better in school?	*
I don't want my child getting into fights. Won't martial arts make them want to fight?	My child isn't physically coordinated. Will they get hurt?	~
Can martial arts help my child have faith in their abilities?	My child hates sports – won't they hate martial arts too?	~







HOME

REQUIREMENTS

CLASS SCHEDULE

More



Captain John Johnson

Director

ALWAYS THE LOWEST PRICES IN ALASKA

THIS SCHOOL IS AMERICAN INDIAN OWNED AND OPERATED.
ALL OF OUR COURSES ARE APPROVED BY THE U.S. COAST GUARD.
WE FURNISH ALL BOOKS AND SUPPLIES. WE ALSO FURNISH A COAST
GUARD APPLICATION PACKET IN CLASS AND WE WILL HELP YOU FILL
IT OUT!! YOU DO NOT NEED TO GO TO THE COAST GUARD OFFICE.
YOU CAN SUBMIT YOUR APPLICATION BY MAIL!!

CLASS SCHEDULE

DIRECTIONS

CLASS BEGINS AT 8 AM EACH DAY!!

NO HIDDEN FEES!!
NO BOOKS TO BUY!!
NO CHARTS OR CHART TOOLS TO BUY!!
NO TESTING FEES!!
NO INSURANCE TO BUY!!
FREE NOTARIZING FOR OUR STUDENTS!!
FREE CAREER CONSULTING!!
FREE APPLICATION ASSISTANCE!!
CONTACT US ANYTIME - EVENINGS, WEEKENDS AND HOLIDAYS!!

HOME

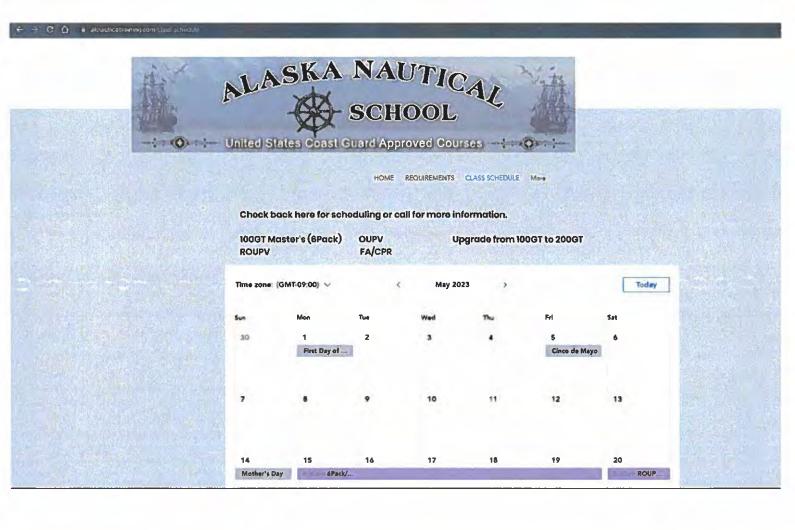
REQUIREMENTS

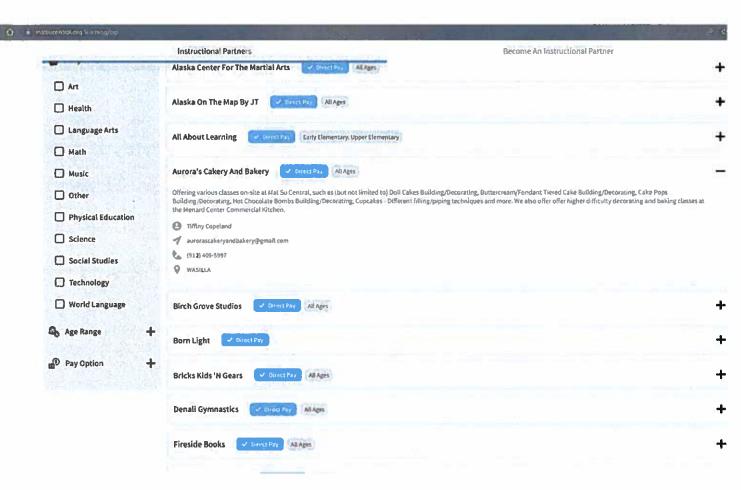
CLASS SCHEDULE

More

Captain John W. Johnson is the director and one of the instructors for the school. He has been in the maritime industry since 1966 as a Commercial Fisherman and Merchant Mariner. Capt. Johnson currently holds a USGC License as Master, Oceans, 1600 GT. This school was founded by Capt. Johnson in 1996. All of our instructors hold a Coast Guard







C O • matsucentrations learner	allo	
	Instructional Partners	Become An Instructional Partner
	Forest Wilson Guitarist Early Elementary	
	Forstner Education Services Middle School, High School	
	Fox & Kit (Ppds) Allages	-
	Frontier Tutoring Early Elementary	-
ST.	serving students from our center in Anchorage. Through our academic tutoring, SATA*JACTA* students to succeed at every stage of their journey from middle and high school to the colleg Instructors, and leading results: Fromtier Tutoring is the only company in Alaska to require or SAT/ACT score improvement performance, and post real-time, unfiltered customer feedback.	/ UAA students, Frontier tutoring today is the largest Alaska-based test prep and tutoring brand, iprep, and college admissions consulting programs, we are singularly positioned to empower our e of their choice. Frontier Tutoring programs are differentiated by our leading approach, leading is SAI/ACT instructors to achieve 93th percentile credentials, transparently report our students' on our websitie for all of our programs. Frontier Tutoring combines our national calaber programs ervice available only from an Alaska-based provider. Our vision is to become Alaskaā-2s largest.
	http://www.frontiertutoring.com	
	✓ infa@frontiertutoring.com	
	[907] 268-4233	
	Galena City School District Postsecondary Adult Programs High School	
	Gates Music All Ages	
	German Language Center All Ages	
	Court Andrew NATION	





🐿 907-268-4233



COVID-19 Information: All programs are now available for either in-person or online delivery. Learn more about our policies for in-person operations.

We help Alaska students improve their grades, SAT®/ACT® scores, and college applications.

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Before starting with Frontier Tutoring, my son had a D average in Algebra. He just finished Algebra II with an A on his final!

-Christiane S., parent of Lucas S. | Algebra II | Grace Christian School (Anchorage)

Our Experience Counts¹

1,139
math and English tutoring students served from West, South, Service, Dimond, and other Anchorage schools

21,776

hours of tutoring delivered to Anchorage students

average likelihood to recommend our tutoring, based on 500+ reviews

What We Offer

Subjects

Exhibit I, Page 4 of 9



- Math: Pre-Algebra, Algebra I, Geometry, Geometry II, Pre-Calculus, and AP Calculus AB/BC
- English: Middle and high school English

SAT/ACT prep is a separate program

Location

In person, online, or both

- In person at our Anchorage office (500 E. Tudor Rd., Suite 100, Anchorage, AK 99503)
- Online via Zoom

One-on-One

- Work with the same expert Tutoring Specialist every session
- Get the benefit of our full attention with one-on-one tutoring, unlike Sylvan
- Group tutoring available by request

Free 1-Hour Trial Session, No Commitment



My son's grade went up by several letter grades. The weekly sessions helped him answer questions and gain confidence. Though never "excited" to go to tutoring, he seemed to actually enjoy it.

-Phil S., parent of Kiran S. | AP Calculus AB | West Anchorage High School

Getting Started



Sign-Up Form

Complete a short, 2-minute form to tell about your student's background and needs. Select a time for your coordination call (or, if you need help immediately, call us after submitting the sign-up form).



Coordination Call

During this 10-minute call, we'll ask about your student's needs and goals. We'll also schedule your first session, often as early as the same day or next day.



Free First Session

Experience the quality of our tutoring with a free 1-hour session. We ask the parent to join for the final 5 minutes to debrief and establish an ongoing meeting schedule.



Get Results



ag., K

Every session, we'll use your student's homework, tests, and curriculum to make progress toward their goals. Parents receive a report recapping each session with action items.

Free 1-Hour Trial Session, No Commitment

66

My son was super happy after each session and seemed to regain the joy in doing math that he had lost when he was so frustrated. I also appreciated how responsive and honest Frontier Tutoring has been regarding how much help my son needed.

-Teryl E., parent of Camden E. | AP Calculus BC | West Anchorage High School

Expert Tutoring Specialists

Our expert, Anchorage-based Tutoring Specialists undergo a competitive selection process followed by rigorous training and qualification. Your student will work with the same Tutoring Specialist every session, meaning one person will get to know them and how they learn.



Ben Edwards



2,956 hours tutoring math through calculus at Frontier Tutoring¹



B.S. Mathematics, UAA



Daniel Hoffman



632 hours tutoring math through calculus at Frontier Tutoring¹



B.S. Mathematics & Mechanical Engineering, M.A. Teaching, UAA



Sam Wong



477 hours tutoring English at Frontier Tutoring¹



B.A. Emotional-Linguistic Articulation, UMass Amherst

Free 1-Hour Trial Session, No Commitment

66

My daughter says her tutor is very helpful and nice to work with.

-John L., parent of Jasmin L. | AP Calculus AB | Service High School (Anchorage)

Pricing



First Session Free

Your first 1-hour session is free of charge. During the coordination call, we'll answer your pricing questions. After the first session, pay monthly to save, or pay as you go.



Pay Monthly and Save...

Hourly Equivalent Rates:

1 hour per week: \$89/hour 2 hours per week: \$84/hour 3 hours per week: \$79/hour 4 hours per week: \$74/hour

Learn more about our monthly payment option



...Or Pay as You Go

\$99/hour (compare to Sylvan)

Credit card (or charter school account) charged after each session



Our son's grades increased, and he started feeling capable again in math. Even just one month made a huge difference in turning things around.

-Jennifer W., parent of Gabriel W. | Precalculus | West Anchorage High School

Free 1-Hour Trial Session, No Commitment

FAQs

Signing Up & First Session

- How quickly can I start?
- What happens during the first session?
- What should my student bring to the first session?
- Do I need to place a credit card on file to schedule my free first session?
- Is the parent required to attend the first session?

Tutoring

- How often should my student meet with a Tutoring Specialist?
- What happens during tutoring sessions?
- Are your Tutoring Specialists background checked?

Billing

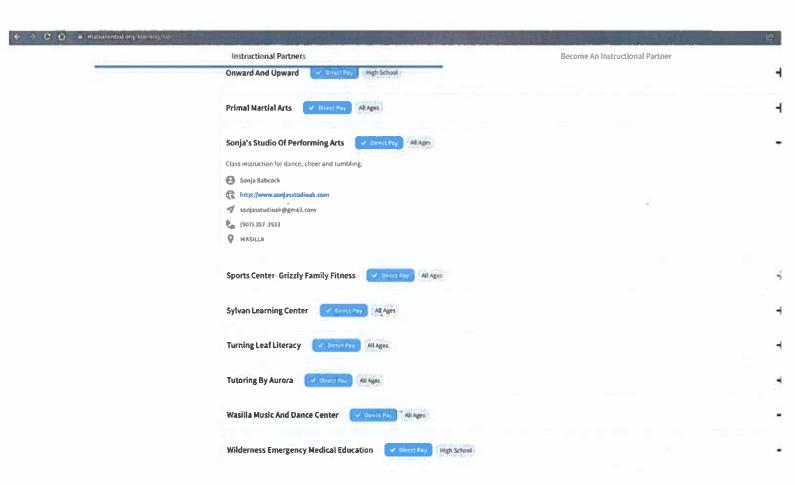
- How does your pricing work?
- Do you bill charter schools for payment?
- What is your cancellation policy?

¹Total through January 1, 2023.

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PROGRAM INFORMATION

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ABOUT US

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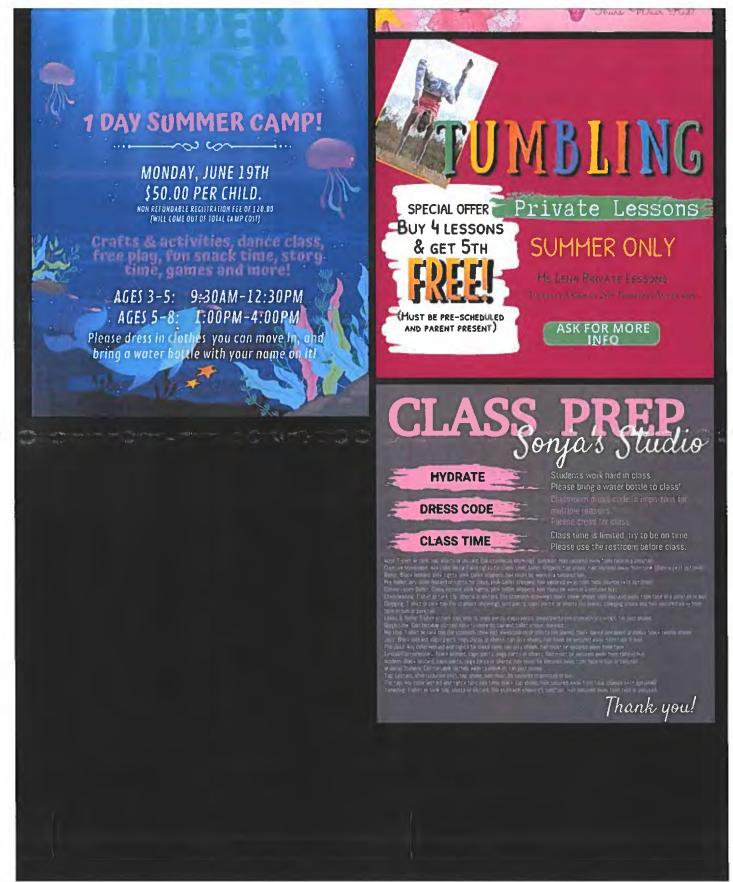
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CLINICS

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PROGRAM INFORMATION

EDUCATION

ABOUT US

CLINICS

FUN STUFF

COVID-19





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HOME

RECITALS

PROGRAM INFORMATION

EDUCATION

ABOUT US

Class Descriptions



Ballet

Ballet is the foundation of dance. Ballet develops discipline, body posture, placement, and flexibility, along with coordination, grace, and poise. Emphasis is placed on technique with proper rotation and correct line of the body. Proper behavior is strictly enforced. Placement based on teacher invitation or level progression.

Conservatory Ballet

The Conservatory Program is designed for ballet students who demonstrate the technical ability and work ethic to achieve a high level of study, execution and performance in classical ballet.

Pointe

Pointe is designed for our ballet dancers wishing to continue development and performance in ballet. By invitation only.

Clogging

Clogging is a dance performed, done in time with the music to the downbeat characterized by heavy stamping with the feet.

Creative Movement

A combined dance and tumbling class that focuses on teaching 3-5 year olds how to follow instructions, listen and take turns in group exercise. Students will enjoy keeping their busy bodies wiggling and giggling as they are introduced to basic dance and tumble skills. The student must be potty trained and is able to say goodbye to mommy and daddy at the classroom door.

Parent Tot

A class for 18 months to 3 year olds. Students will enjoy keeping their busy bodies wiggling and giggling with the help of a parent as they are introduced to basic dance and tumble skills. One parent to tot ratio. 45 minute class.

Competition Teams

Exhibit J, Page 5 of 8 Let's Chat!



Sonja's Studio of Performing Arts, LLC

HOME

RECITALS PROGRAM INFORMATION

ABOUT US

Contemporary is a form of dance in which dancers express their feelings, learn music interpretation through sustained extensions and expressive emotion. Contemporary is a type of dance that relies on a direct relationship between lyrics of various songs/poems and specific dance movements.

Modern

A free, expressive style of dancing started in the early 20th century as a reaction to classical ballet.

Enliven Dance

A Dance Company for adults continuing dance training. Must be accomplished in Ballet. Audition only. Founded in 2013 by Sonja Babcock, sponsored by Sonja's Studio, Directed by Pam Burlingame.

Hip Hop

Hip Hop is a freestyle form of jazz dance which is performed to urban music. Emphasis is placed on teaching the students basic jazz steps, while incorporating "street" dance style for the hip hop flair.

azz

Jazz is rhythmic stylized dance. It is a vigorous freestyle form of dance that is designed to increase body control and coordination. Ballet class is strongly encouraged to be taken in unison with jazz class.

Tap is a form of dance in which the feet create rhythmic sounds. This form of dance develops a strong sense of rhythm, timing, coordination and agility. Emphasis is not only placed on teaching new steps, but creating combinations, challenging the student to create a sense of presentation and style.



AK Pride Cheerleading

Cheerleading will cover jumps, stunts, motions, tumbling, cheers and chants with an emphasis on basic motion technique. Exhibit J, Page 6 of 8



HOME

RECITALS

PROGRAM INFORMATION

EDUCATION

ABOUT US

CLINICS

FUN STUFF

COVID-19

seamlessly blends dance and acrobatics), and its use of acrobatics in a dance context.

Tumbling

Learn fundamental tumbling skills in a fun and friendly class. Basic and high level tumbling skills are taught using drills and lead ups to every skill. The classes are organized according to level and age of student.



A+ Academy

A supplemental homeschool half day program for qualifying Kindergarter and First Grade students. Linking arts and academics together. Includes academics, art, music, tumbling and dance. Only 12 students in the class. Homeschool can be billed.

Giggletime Preschool

A two or three day hands on creative arts program for ages 3 - 5. Students will enjoy art, music, dance, tumbling and daily education basics. Prerequisite: The student must be potty trained and is able to say goodbye to mommy and daddy at the classroom door.

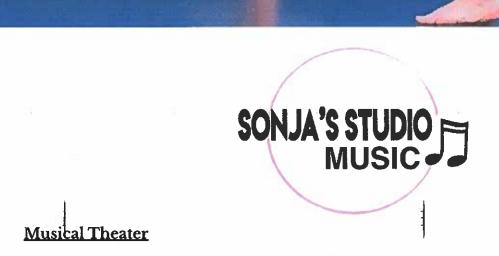


Exhibit J, Page 7 of 8



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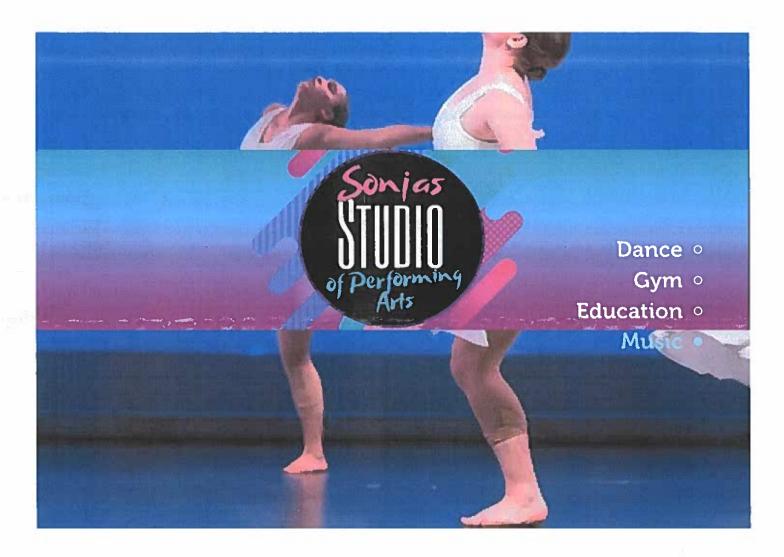
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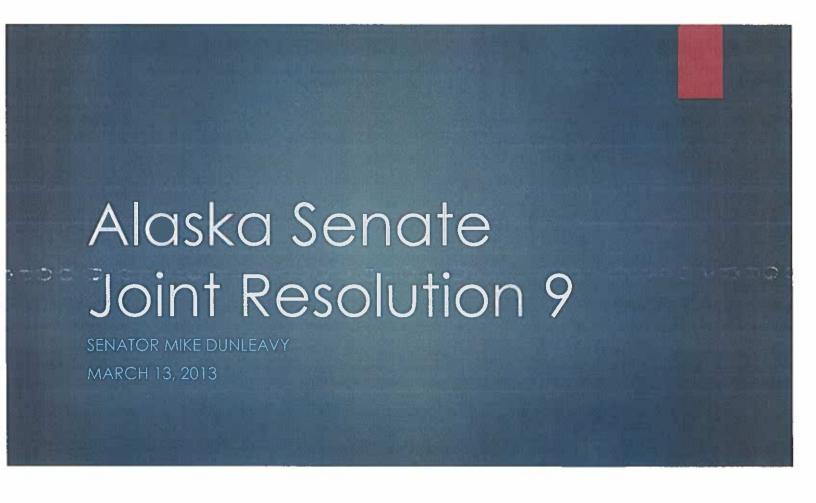
ABOUT US

Students will take private lessons to advance their knowledge of the piano. Beginners or advanced students are welcome.

Voice

Designed for all ages, our voice coach will bring out your strengths & build your vocal confidence.





Issue

- Alaska State Constitution prohibits public funds going to private or religious educational service providers
- Over the decades public/private partnerships have expanded to meet the needs of a diverse population through the purchase of educational services from service providers
- These partnerships and associated practices could be construed to be unconstitutional
- Issue of constitutionality can only be determined by the courts, or we can change our constitutional language to align with our practices

Alaska's Constitution

- Article 7, Section 1
 - The legislature shall by general law establish and maintain a system of public schools open to all children of the State, and may provide for other public educational institutions. Schools and institutions so established shall be free from sectorian control. No money shall be paid from public funds for the direct benefit of any religious or other private educational institution.
- Article 9, Section 6
 - No tax shall be levied, or appropriation of public money made, or public property transferred, nor shall the public credit be used, except for a public purpose.

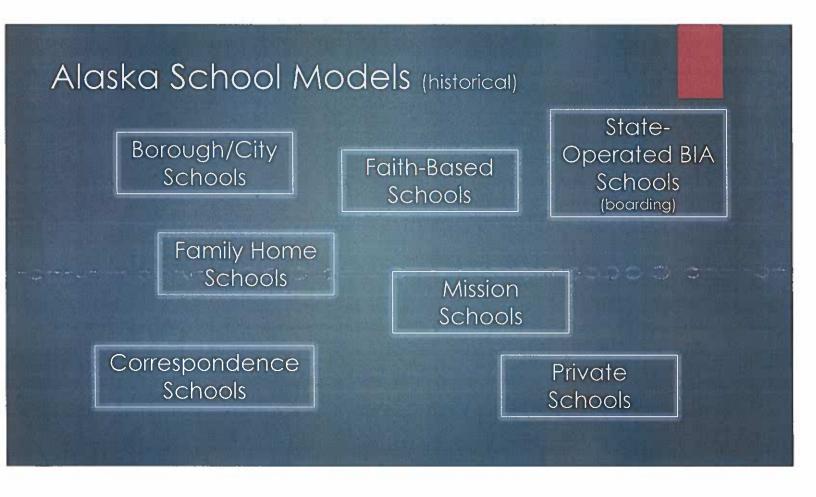


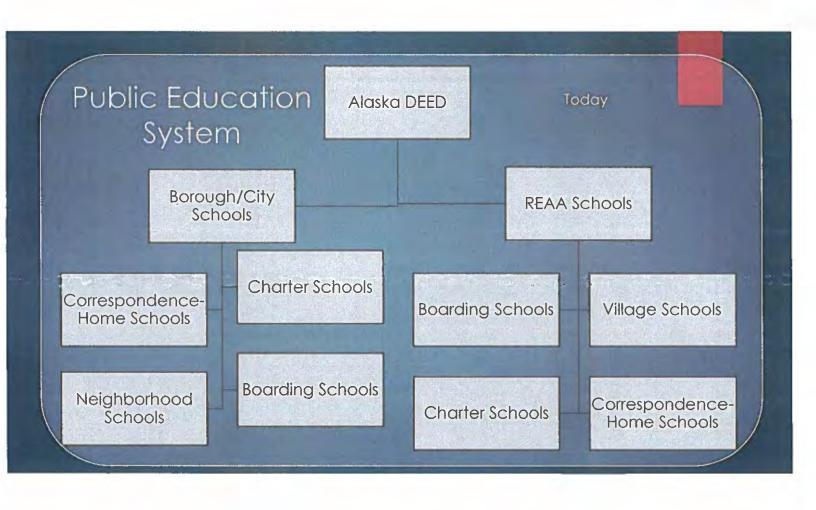
SJR9 "What does it do?"

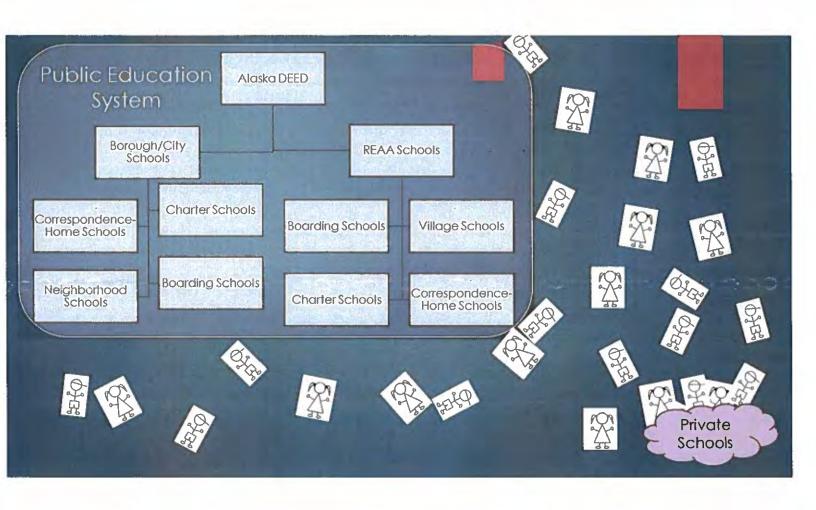
- If resolution does not pass both bodies, it dies
- If resolution is passed by 2/3 majority of each body, it goes on the ballot as a ballot proposition for a constitutional amendment in the 2014 general election
- If constitutional amendment passes by a majority of the voters, constitutional language is replaced and added to the constitution
 - ▶ If passed by the voters, allows current practices and current private/public partnerships to continue to serve Alaskans
- If constitutional amendment does not get approved by the voters, it dies

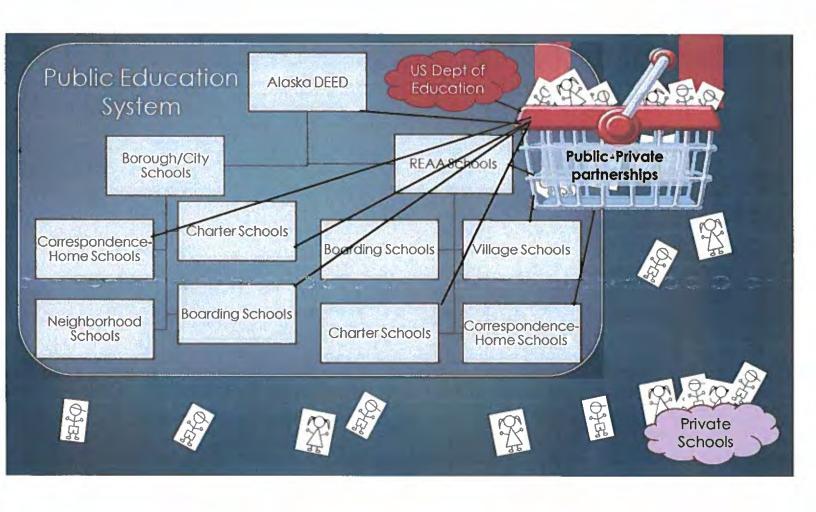
History of Alaska Education

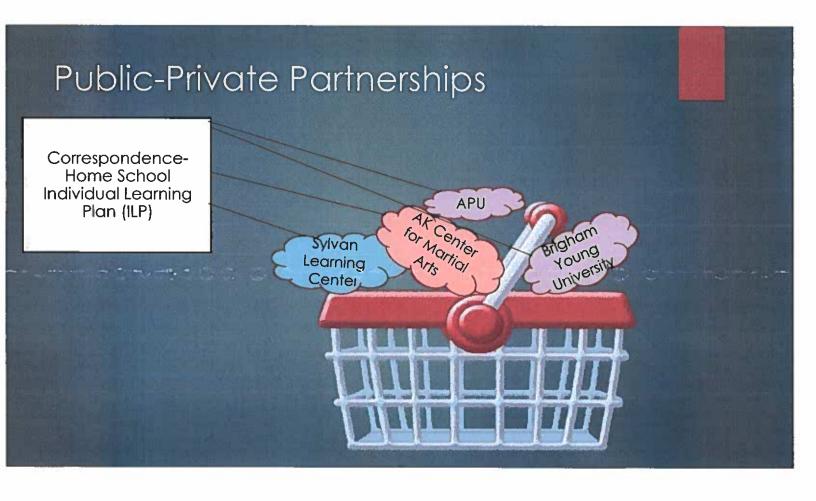
- 20 years from 1867 to 1884
 - ▶ US government provided no education
 - Provided by mission societies of American churches, Russian Orthodox schools, Alaska Commercial Company on Pribilof Islands, and Sitka city
- 9 years from 1885 to 1894
 - US Bureau Education maintained some public schools
 - "Contract Schools" with Catholic, Episcopal, Methodist, Moravian, etc.
 - Government support withdrawn in 1894
- ▶ 1900 to 1905 established dual system of education (federal and territorial); more or less until 1965
 - Territorial system including local school districts in incorporated towns
 - Federal system of schools outside incorporated towns, primarily for Natives





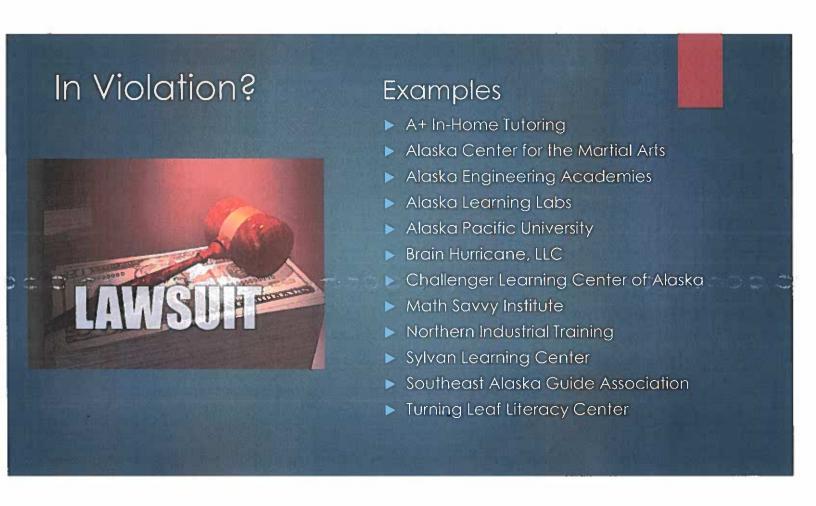


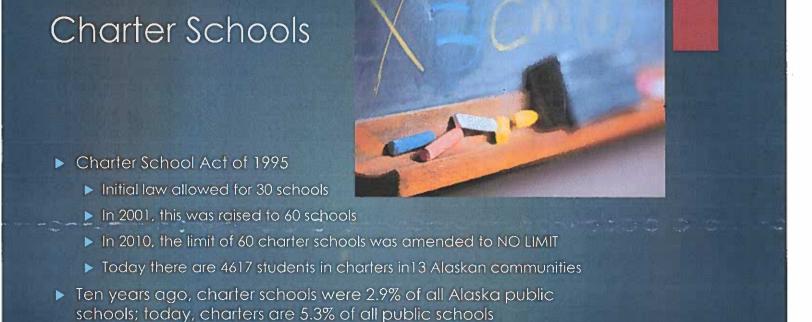


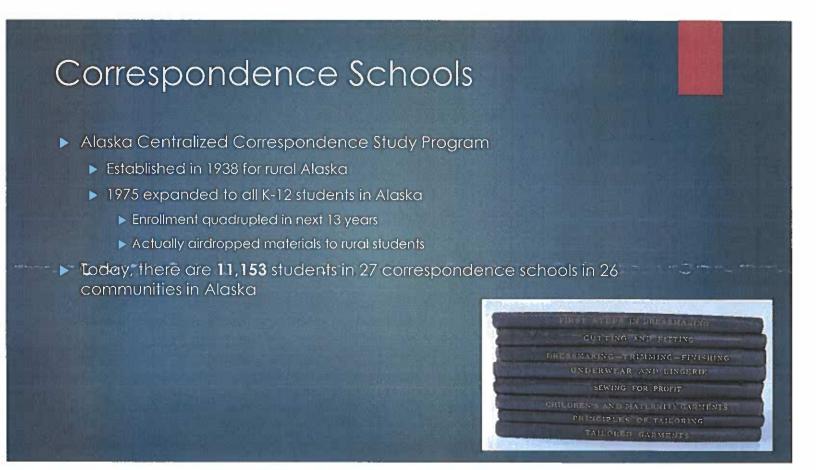


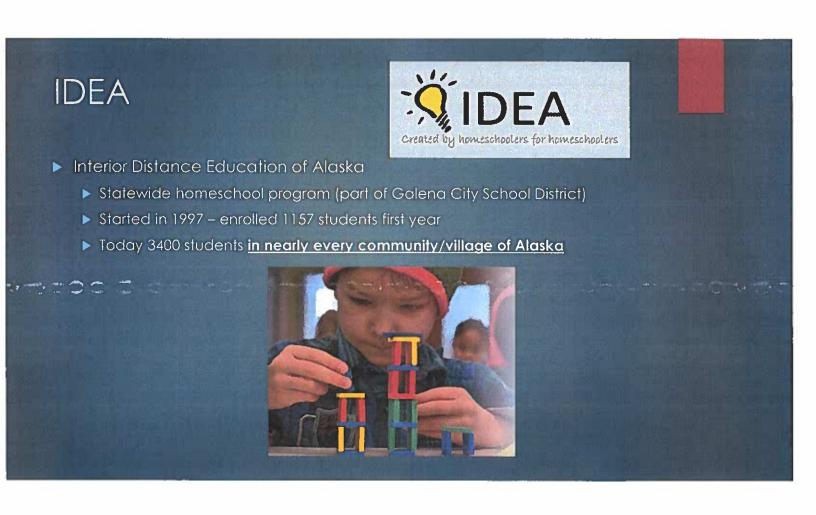
Are the following constitutional?

- Can a 15-year-old student use public education funds to purchase courses through an allotment (voucher, scholarship, tuition, etc.) process from a public university to support their educational plan?
- …from a private religious university?
- Can all 9-year-old do the same?
 - Can a 12-year-old student purchase a distance-delivered course in math from a national online educational service provider to support their public education learning plan?
 -can the same 12-year-old purchase a Latin course from a private religious school to support their public education learning plan?





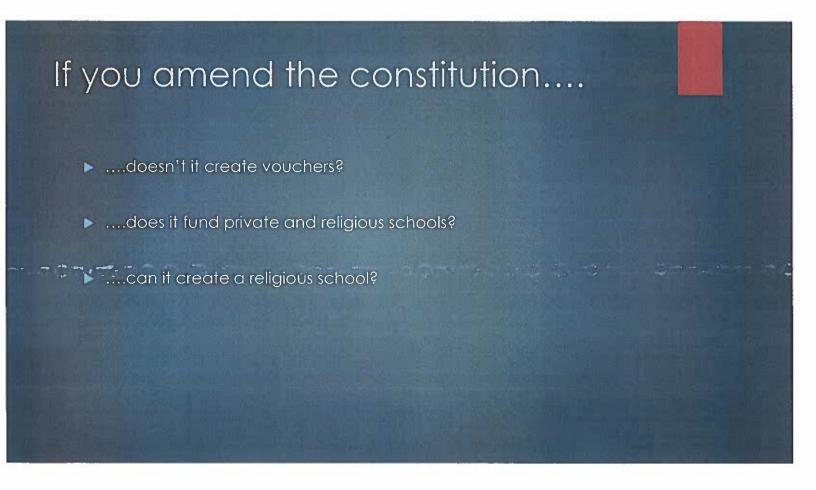


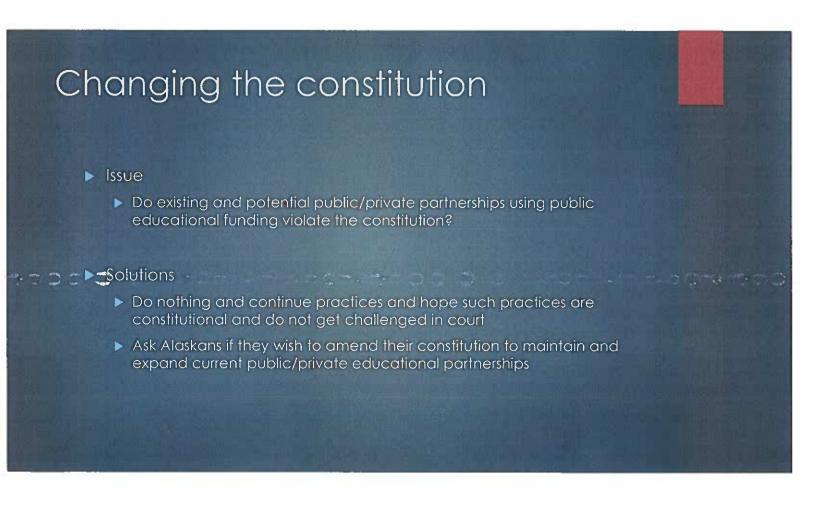


What SJR9 DOES NOT do It does not create a voucher program It does not transfer public funds to private/religious schools It does not DO ANYTHING in and by itself

What about ...?

- ▶ The focus for some has been on vouchers
- The focus for some has been potential loss of public funding to our system
- ▶ The focus for some has been on private or religious schools
- The focus for <u>me</u> has been the constitutionality of what we are currently doing, and if and how we can expand our public/private partnerships





Let The People Decide

- ▶ Let the people of Alaska decide this issue
- By voting to move this issue to the ballot, you allow them to make a decision that will impact them and their families directly
- ▶ Let them decide if they wish to change their constitution to continue practices many of them have benefited from or . . .
 - . . .let them decide to not change their constitution if they so choose, but let THEM, the people of Alaska decide, the people whom the constitution belongs to regarding THEIR public education system

DON'T DENY THE PEOPLE OF ALASKA THEIR VOICE TO WEIGH IN ON THIS VERY IMPORTANT ISSUE.

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MEMORANDUM

March 18, 2014

SUBJECT:

Constitutional questions -- CSSSSB 100(EDC)

(Work Order No. 28-LS0425\H)

TO:

Senator Berta Gardner

Attn: TJ Presley

FROM:

Jean M. Mischel

Legislative Counsel

You have asked about the constitutionality of sec. 2 of CSSSSB 100(EDC) that provides for student learning plans and student allotments of public school funds for students attending public correspondence study programs. CSSSSB 100(EDC) also exempts some students enrolled in a public correspondence study program from state oversight, including the use of student allotments, if the program is otherwise consistent with express provisions in the bill, when a student is proficient or advanced on statewide assessments.

My opinion to you on this topic dated February 6, 2014, is largely unchanged. The bill raises constitutional issues under both art. I, sec. 4 and art. VII, sec. 1 of the Constitution of the State of Alaska. Although the committee substitute added the word "approval" at page 3, line 28, the word "nonsectarian" at page 4, line 19, the word "public" at page 4, line 20, and the requirement that textbooks, services, and other materials meet certain standards at page 4, lines 24 - 29, the bill continues to heavily rely on the parent, a correspondence teacher, and the district to ensure the constitutionality of the use of state funds before the money is spent.

The addition of the modifier "nonsectarian" to the purchase of materials and services from a religious organization by a parent using public funds at page 4, line 19 of the bill allows for the possibility of the purchase of nondenominational religious materials and services with public money in violation of art. I, sec. 4, Constitution of the State of Alaska, which provides that "no law shall be made respecting an establishment of religion, or prohibiting the free exercise thereof."

¹ Currently, state regulations provide for student fund accounts for correspondence students under 4 AAC 33.421 and 4 AAC 33.422 that are not expressly authorized by statute and that expressly provide for state oversight, as further discussed in this opinion.

Senator Berta Gardner March 18, 2014 Page 2

In addition, the express authorization at page 4, line 20 of the bill for parents to use public money to purchase nonsectarian services and materials from a *public, private, or religious organization* raises the possibility of violating art. VII, sec. 1, Constitution of the State of Alaska, which prohibits the use of public money for the direct benefit of a *private or religious educational institution*. If parents use public funds to directly benefit a private or religious institution, the expenditure violates the constitutional prohibition. In my opinion, the use of "organization" rather than "institution" provides no meaningful limitation on using public money for the direct benefit of a private or religious school.

While the Alaska Supreme Court has not yet decided a case involving student allotments such as those proposed in this bill, it is unlikely that a court review would be limited to individual expenditures or even district-wide expenditures when reviewing expenditures under the third prong of the *Sheldon Jackson* test, which considers the magnitude of the benefit.² Removal of the department from its traditional oversight function for some students may interfere with the state's ability to ensure that no constitutional violation exists. A correspondence teacher, and even a single school district, is not in a good position to make that determination.

Indeed, a departmental audit in the past decade resulted in the additional controls over expenditures of public funds by parents and districts in regulations that the bill seeks to overturn. A subsequent Attorney General Opinion on the constitutionality of those regulations (provided previously)³ advised that the regulations were appropriate constitutional safeguards over public money. CSSSSB 100(EDC) nullifies an unspecified number of those same regulations for proficient and advanced students, including the regulatory requirement that a student must take at least 50 percent of the student's coursework in core courses under 4 AAC 33.426 and that parents may only contract with a tutor for a student in certain subjects and requires that the instruction is not provided by a private or sectarian educational institution under 4 AAC 33.421(h).

In Sheldon Jackson, the Court established a three-part test under art. VII, sec. 1, Constitution of the State of Alaska, for determining the validity of public programs that provide economic benefit to private schools. First, the Court looked at the breadth of the class to which the economic benefits are directed. Second, the Court looked at how the public money is to be used; i.e., whether the benefit to the private school is incidental to education (as with fire and police protection) or whether it amounts to direct aid to education (as with tuition and books). Third, the Court looked at the magnitude of the benefit to private and religious schools.

Op. Att'y Gen. 663-05-0233 (September 20, 2005) (addressing an audit of district approved expenditures by parents of correspondence students and advising on the constitutionality of the enforcement actions and the restrictions on expenditures in the regulations). The opinion also offered "constitutional guidance" to "define the boundaries of religious involvement in public school curricula" that included significant monitoring and oversight by the department, as discussed in my previous opinion.

Senator Berta Gardner March 18, 2014 Page 3

If all or a significant amount of statewide correspondence funds under CSSSSB 100(EDC) are routinely paid to a religious or other private educational institution, as authorized under the bill, it is possible that the Alaska Supreme Court would find this to be a "direct benefit" to the educational institutions involved and therefore constitutionally prohibited.

If, however, the private and religious organizations authorized to receive public money under the bill are not educational institutions, art. VII, sec. 1, Constitution of the State of Alaska, is not implicated unless the expenditure results in sectarian control over the program. In addition, a court may find the allotment to be an "indirect" benefit, as the United States Supreme Court has described, for first amendment purposes, for secular (a different concept than nonsectarian) materials and equipment used by a religious school in *Mitchell v. Helms*, 530 U.S. 793 (2000). However, because the bill removes statewide oversight over the expenditures for some students, the tracking and cumulative benefit of those expenditures may be difficult to determine. Nothing in the bill requires parents to document the expenditures.

The bill therefore leaves open the possibility of prohibited types of expenditures for religious instruction, sectarian control of a correspondence study program, or a direct benefit to a private or religious school, if otherwise consistent with a student's learning plan, in violation of art. VII, sec. 1 and art. 1, sec. 4 of the Constitution of the State of Alaska. The question of whether the student allotments paid to a private educational or religious institution amount to either a direct benefit or religious entanglement by the state is difficult to answer without a full understanding of the purpose or the nature of the recipient organizations.

The United States Supreme Court has upheld, for first amendment purposes, the concept of vouchers and the concept of providing public funds for attendance at religious schools only if the funding is closely monitored and not used for a religious curriculum. CSSSSB 100(EDC) does not provide for monitoring of expenditures. On the contrary, for a student who is proficient or advanced, monitoring and other regulatory control over a student are expressly prohibited.

If I may be of further assistance, please advise.

JMM:lnd 14-126.lnd

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MEMORANDUM

February 6, 2014

SUBJECT:

Public education stipend for online course provided by religious

secondary school (Work Order No. 28-LS1395)

TO:

Senator Berta Gardner

Attn: Thomas Presley

FROM:

Jean M. Mischel

Legislative Counsel

You have asked whether the provision of a stipend using public education funds to a student enrolled in the Alaska Family Partnership Charter school, a public correspondence school, to pay for an online course through Brigham Young University, a private religious educational institution, violates art. VII, sec. 1 of the Constitution of the State of Alaska. The Alaska Supreme Court must ultimately interpret and apply the Constitution of the State of Alaska. I am unaware of a challenge on constitutional grounds to the expenditures you describe. A court would review the factual details of the expenditure to determine whether the money provided a "direct benefit" to a "religious or other private educational institution" or established a school under sectarian control to the extent prohibited under art. VII, sec. 1.

The department has previously authorized correspondence program stipends, called "student fund accounts" in regulations at 4 AAC 33.421 and 4 AAC 33.422.2 Those regulations expressly require public correspondence programs that are charter schools to comply with AS 14.03.090, which prohibits advocacy of sectarian or denominational doctrine, and with AS 14.18.060, which prohibits the use of materials that discriminate on the basis of sex under 4 AAC 33.421(b). In addition, 4 AAC 33.421(g) prohibits the provision of money by a correspondence study program for "religious, partisan, sectarian, or denominational textbooks or other curriculum materials."

Art. VII, sec. 1 of the Constitution of the State of Alaska provides:

Public Education. The legislature shall by general law establish and maintain a system of public schools open to all children of the State, and

¹ Other constitutional provisions may be implicated by the practice but this memorandum is limited to your specific question pertaining to the art. VII implications.

² Similarly, SB 100, introduced this session, provides for "student allotments" with few restrictions on expenditures of public money, but expressly limits state oversight when a student is proficient. The student accounts currently authorized in regulation have no express statutory authority.

Senator Berta Gardner February 6, 2014 Page 2

may provide for other public educational institutions. Schools and institutions so established shall be free from sectarian control. No money shall be paid from public funds for the direct benefit of any religious or other private educational institution.

The Alaska Supreme Court, in *Sheldon Jackson v. State of Alaska*, 599 P.2d 127 (Alaska 1979), found tuition grants for private colleges to be a violation of art. VII, sec. 1 of the Constitution of the State of Alaska. The state tuition assistance program under review in the *Sheldon Jackson* case provided money to a student for the difference in the cost of private and public college tuition under an agreement to pay the money to a private college for tuition. Rejecting the proposition that the constitutional prohibition on the use of public funds did not apply to postsecondary institutions and that the tuition grant program then under scrutiny was not a direct benefit, the Supreme Court found that the payment of subsidies in the form of grants to only private college students was unconstitutional.

In that case, the Court established a three-part test for determining the validity of public programs that provide economic benefit to private schools. First, the Court looked at the breadth of the class to which the economic benefits are directed. Second, the Court looked at how the public money is to be used; i.e., whether the benefit to the private school is incidental to education (as with fire and police protection) or whether it amounts to direct aid to education (as with tuition and books). Third, the Court looked at the magnitude of the benefit to private education.

The Court struck down the state's tuition assistance program as violative of all three parts of the test. The class that the tuition assistance program benefitted consisted entirely of private schools, the funds were to be used directly for educational purposes (tuition), the benefit conferred on these schools was quite substantial, and the fact that the money was actually paid directly to the students, not the schools, did not mitigate the fact that the students were required to turn the money directly over to the private schools.

The Alaska Supreme Court left open the question of the constitutionality of a tuition scholarship or grant that did not provide for direct incentives to attend a private school as in *Sheldon Jackson*. The Court then stated:

First, the class primarily benefitted by the tuition grant program consists only of private colleges and their students. Though the appellants characterize the statute as merely equalizing the positions of private and public university students, effectively the chief beneficiaries are the private colleges themselves. Unlike a statute that provides comparable dollar subsidies to all students, Alaska's tuition grant program is not neutral, inasmuch as the only incentive it creates is the incentive to enroll in a private college.

Id. at 131.

Senator Berta Gardner February 6, 2014 Page 3

The state, the district, and the charter school are all constrained by art. VII, sec. 1, and by the Alaska Supreme Court's interpretation of that section. Since Brigham Young University is a private or religious "educational institution," the inquiry is limited, under art. VII, sec. 1 of the Constitution of the State of Alaska, to whether the funding provided through correspondence program stipends to students constitutes a "direct benefit" to Brigham Young University. Unlike the description of the phrase by some commentators, "direct benefit" is not discerned simply by identifying who initially receives the public money, in this case, the student. The inquiry must go further under both Alaska Supreme Court and United States Supreme Court precedent. Obviously, if the money is required to be paid to a private or religious school, as in *Sheldon Jackson*, the benefit to the private or religious school would be a direct benefit if of sufficient magnitude. In *Sheldon Jackson*, the invalidation of the public funding scheme, paid through the student, resulted in the closure of that school for financial reasons.

Under the first prong of the test in *Sheldon Jackson*, the family charter school program allowing for student stipends in the context of the state regulations, may be construed to be neutral as lacking any incentive to select a religious or private institution over public schools for course offerings. It does not appear to be a requirement that a student agree to pay public stipends directly to a private college or school, but rather a student is free to select any school or program that provides relevant courses. In contrast, *Sheldon Jackson* involved a tuition grant program that was not neutral inasmuch as the only incentive it created, as noted by the Alaska Supreme Court, was the incentive to enroll in a private college.

Under the second prong of the *Sheldon Jackson* test, however, the benefit from the stipend is likely to be construed as an educational, not an incidental one, since it is used for tuition.

Under the third prong, a court would also look at the magnitude of the state money to a private educational institution and determine whether the stipend payments confer a "benefit" that is of constitutional significance. Here, a court may consider the amount of money flowing to Brigham Young University from the charter program, the size of the charter program, and other relevant factors. The rate of selection by the stipend recipients of private school courses over public may also be considered.

I cannot predict with any certainty the outcome of a constitutional challenge to the stipends provided by the charter school you describe. However, the neutrality and apparent equal availability of the stipend for purchase of relevant distance delivery courses from both public and private schools, the option being left to the individual student, and the stated public purpose for the program (particularly for courses that are not offered by the local public school), may support a court finding that the program is a constitutionally appropriate use of public funds under art. VII, sec. 1.

If I may be of further assistance, please advise.

JMM:ray 14-043.ray anc.law.ecf@alaska.gov

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT FOR THE STATE OF ALASKA THIRD JUDICIAL DISTRICT AT ANCHORAGE

EDWARD ALEXANDER, JOSH)
ANDREWS, SHELBY BECK)
ANDREWS, & CAREY)
CARPENTER,)
)
Plaintiff,)
)
v.)
)
ACTING COMMISSIONER HEIDI)
TESHNER, in her official capacity,)
STATE OF ALASKA,)
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION &)
EARLY DEVELOPMENT,)
)
Defendants,)
)
V.)
)
ANDREA MOCERI, THERESA)
BROOKS, and BRANDY)
PENNINGTON.)
)
Intervenors.) Case No. 3AN-23-04309 C

[PROPOSED] ORDER GRANTING DEFENDANTS' CROSS-MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT

IT IS ORDERED that having reviewed the parties' briefing on cross-motions for summary judgment, the Court hereby GRANTS the defendants' motion. The plaintiffs have failed to make out a claim that the challenged statutes are facially unconstitutional and the defendant is therefore entitled to summary judgment on the facial challenge.

The defendant is also entitled to summary judgment on the plaintiffs' as-applied challenge, because they have not sued the school districts who implement the

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1	correspondence school programs, and the Commissioner of the Department of		
2	Education and Early Development is not the proper defendant for any as-applied		
3	challenged. Therefore, the Court grants summary judgment to the defendant on al		
4	claims.		
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6	DATED, 20, at, Alaska.		
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9	The Honorable Adolf Zeman Superior Court Judge		
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Case No. 3AN-23-04309 CI Alexander et al. v. Acting Commissioner Heidi Teshner [Proposed] Order Granting Cross Motion for Summary Judgment Page 2 of 2

anc.law.ecf@alaska.gov

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT FOR THE STATE OF ALASKA THIRD JUDICIAL DISTRICT AT ANCHORAGE

ш		
	EDWARD ALEXANDER; JOSH ANDREWS; SHELBY BECK ANDREWS;)
	and CAREY CARPENTER,))
	Plaintiffs,)
	v.)
	ACTING COMMISSIONER HEIDI)
l	TESHNER, in her official capacity, State)
	of Alaska, Department of Education and Early Development,)
	Defendant,)
	v.) Case No. 3AN-23-04309CI
	ANDREA MOCERI, THERESA BROOKS, and BRANDY PENNINGTON.))
	Intervenors.)

UNOPPOSED MOTION FOR LEAVE TO FILE OVERLENGTH RESPONSE TO PLAINTIFFS' OPPOSITION TO MOTION TO DISMSS AND CROSS-MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT

The defendant, Acting Commissioner of the Department of Education and Early Development, Heidi Teshner, moves the Court for leave to file an overlength response to the plaintiffs' opposition to her motion to dismiss. In response to the motion to dismiss, the plaintiffs have cross-moved for summary judgment, filing a fifty-page memorandum in support. The defendant has tried to keep her reply/opposition/cross-motion for summary judgment as concise as possible, but the memorandum is currently

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28 pages long.	The plaintiffs and	intervenors have	indicated that th	ney do not	oppose this
motion.					

DATED: June 2, 2023.

TREG TAYLOR ATTORNEY GENERAL

By:

Margaret Paton Walsh Assistant Attorney General Alaska Bar No. 0411074

Laura Fox

Assistant Attorney General Alaska Bar No. 0905015.

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IN THE SUPERIOR COURT FOR THE STATE OF ALASKA THIRD JUDICIAL DISTRICT AT ANCHORAGE

EDWARD ALEXANDER, JOSH)
ANDREWS, SHELBY BECK)
ANDREWS, & CAREY)
CARPENTER,)
)
Plaintiff,)
•)
v.)
)
ACTING COMMISSIONER HEIDI)
TESHNER, in her official capacity,)
STATE OF ALASKA,)
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION &)
EARLY DEVELOPMENT,)
)
Defendants,)
)
v.)
)
ANDREA MOCERI, THERESA)
BROOKS, and BRANDY)
PENNINGTON.)
)
Intervenors) Case No. 3AN-23-04309 CI

[PROPOSED] ORDER GRANTING UNOPPOSED MOTION FOR LEAVE TO FILE OVERLENGTH RESPONSE

IT IS ORDERED that having reviewed the Defendants' unopposed motion for leave to file an overlength response to the plaintiffs' cross-motion for summary judgment, the Court hereby GRANTS the motion. The defendants' memorandum is accepted as filed.

DATED _	и	, 20, at	, Alaska.
		The Honorable Add Superior Court Judg	

Alexander et al. v. Acting Commissioner Heidi Teshner [Proposed] Order Granting Motion to Dismiss

Case No. 3AN-23-04309 CI Page 2 of 2

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IN THE SUPERIOR COURT FOR THE STATE OF ALASKA THIRD JUDICIAL DISTRICT AT ANCHORAGE

4		
3	EDWARD ALEXANDER, JOSH ANDREWS, SHELBY BECK	
4	ANDREWS, & CAREY CARPENTER,	j
5	Plaintiff,	<u>,</u>
6	V.)
7 8	ACTING COMMISSIONER HEIDI TESHNER, in her official capacity,)
9	STATE OF ALASKA, DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION & EARLY	<u>)</u>
10	DEVELOPMENT,)
11	Defendants,)
12	V.)
14	ANDREA MOCERI, THERESA BROOKS, and BRANDY)
15	PENNINGTON.)
16	Intervenors.	Case No. 3AN-23-04309 CI

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I certify that on June 2, 2023, true and correct copies of the State's Reply,

Opposition, and Cross-Motion for Summary Judgement, Affidavit of Kyle Emili,

Exhibits A-M, [Proposed] Order Granting Defendants' Cross-Motion for

Summary Judgement, Unopposed Motion for Leave to File Overlength Response
to Plaintiffs' Opposition to Motion to Dismiss and Cross-Motion for Summary

Judgement, [Proposed] Order Granting Unopposed Motion for Leave to File

1	Overlength Response and this Certificate	of Service were served on the following via
2	email:	
3	C-41 M V-1-1	Institute for Instine
4	Scott M. Kendall Lauren L. Sherman	Institute for Justice Jeff Rowes
5	Cashion Gilmore & Lindemuth scott@cashiongilmore.com	David Hodges Kirby Thomas West
6	lauren@cashiongilmore.com	jrowes@ij.org
7	Craig Richards Law Offices of Craig Richards crichards@alaskaprofessionalservices.com	dhodges@ijs.org kwest@ijs.org
8	Chenards Waraskaprofessionalser vices.com	
10		Q ₂
11		Anadela Gallego
12		Law Office Assistant III
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